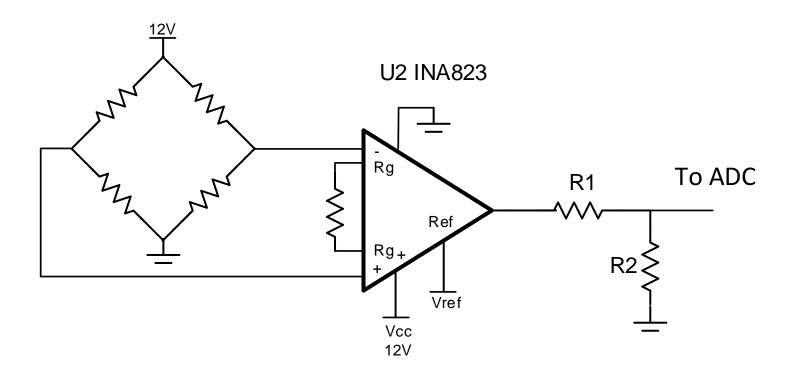
## **INA823 ADC drive** TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

## Differential gain of 5V/V



- The circuit above assumes the input impedance of the ADC is high.
- The goal of the divider is to make sure that the input signal cannot exceed the ADC absolute max limit (typically near ADC supply, e.g. 5V)
- The next slide shows component selection
  - The three variables are INA gain G, INA reference Vref, and voltage divider resistors
  - Gain is selected so that the output of the divider is equal to the ADC input range
  - Offset is selected to shift the output signal so that the ADC input has the correct common mode voltage

## Procedure for selecting components

## **Equation for INA circuit:** $V_{out} = (V_{dif} \cdot G + V_{ref}) \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1}$ Choose R1 and R2 so that $V_{CC} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1} < ADC\_ABS\_MAX$ Choose G so that $ADC\_Full\_scale\_range = G \cdot \left(V_{inMax} - V_{inMin}\right) \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1}$ Choose Vref so that $V_{outMin} = V_{adc\_min} = \left(G \cdot V_{inMin} + V_{ref}\right) \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1}$