



$$C1 := 10 \cdot \text{nF}$$

$$C2 := 150 \cdot \text{pF}$$

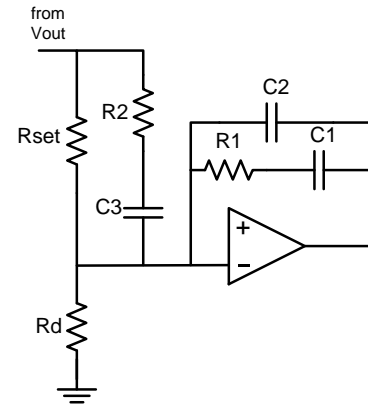
$$C3 := 1.8 \text{ nF}$$

$$R_{\text{set}} := 31.6 \cdot \text{k} \cdot \Omega$$

$$R_d := 5.1 \cdot \text{k} \Omega$$

$$R1 := 7.5 \cdot \text{k} \cdot \Omega$$

$$R2 := 4.4 \cdot \text{k} \cdot \Omega$$



Voltage Amplifier

=====

$$AVOL := 80$$

Voltage Amp open loop gain (dB)

$$UGBW_{EA} := .80 \text{ MHz}$$

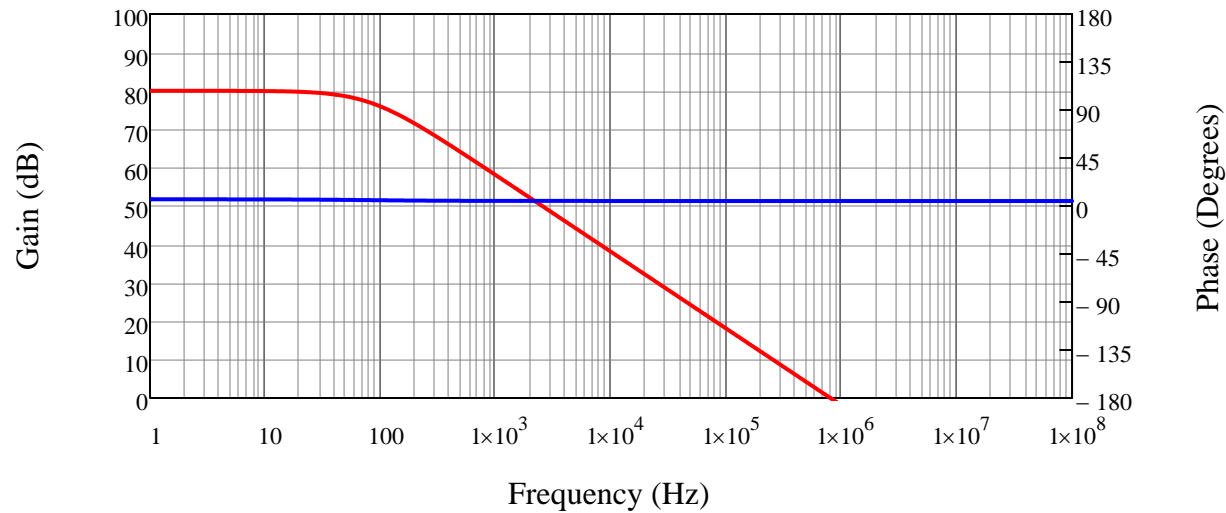
Voltage amp unity gain bandwidth

$$EAP := \frac{UGBW_{EA}}{\frac{AVOL}{10^{20}}} = 80 \text{ Hz}$$

Error amp pole

$$X_{ea_{ol}}(f) := \frac{10^{\frac{20 \cdot AVOL}{20}}}{\left(1 + \frac{s(f)}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot EAP}\right)}$$

Error amplifier's open loop characteristic. Gain and many poles.



$$X_1(f) := \frac{1}{s(f) \cdot C_2}$$

$$X_2(f) := R_1 + \frac{1}{s(f) \cdot C_1}$$

$$X_3(f) := R_2 + \frac{1}{s(f) \cdot C_3}$$

$$X_4 := R_{set}$$

$$Z_f(f) := \frac{X_1(f) \cdot X_2(f)}{X_1(f) + X_2(f)}$$

$$Z_i(f) := \frac{X_3(f) \cdot X_4}{X_3(f) + X_4}$$

$$X_{ea_{cl}}(f) := \frac{-X_{ea_{ol}}(f)}{1 + \frac{Z_i(f)}{R_d} + \frac{Z_i(f)}{Z_f(f)} \cdot (1 + X_{ea_{ol}}(f))}$$

This form is used to compensate for gain close to the open loop gain.
Also includes the effect of the divider resistor.



E/A Frequency Response

