

Using the UCC24630EVM-636

User's Guide



Literature Number: SLUUB81A
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Using the UCC24630EVM-636 65-W, AC-to-DC Adapter

1 Introduction

The UCC24630EVM-636 evaluation module is a 65-W off-line flyback converter providing 19.5 V at 3.33-A maximum load current, operating from a universal AC input. The module is controlled by the LM5023 AC-to-DC Quasi-Resonant Current Mode PWM Controller on the primary side. Secondary-side synchronous rectification is controlled by the UCC24630 controller. The UCC24630 uses a V/s balancing control method since the device is not directly connected to the MOSFET drain. The gate output duty cycle is dependent upon the system line and load conditions, as well as the minimum on time and off times. This innovative approach results in efficiency, reliability and system cost improvements over a conventional flyback.

2 Description

This evaluation module uses the UCC24630 synchronous rectifier controller in a 65-W flyback converter that exceeds US and European agency standards for efficiency during active load and no-load power consumption for low-voltage AC-to-DC external power supplies. The input accepts a voltage range of 85 V_{AC} to 265 V_{AC}. The output voltage provides a regulated output voltage of 19.5 V_{DC} at a load current of up to 3.33 A. The LM5023 uses the transformer auxiliary winding for demagnetization detection to ensure Critical Conduction Mode (CrCM) operation. The LM5023 features a hiccup mode for over current protection with an auto restart to reduce the stress on the power components during an overload. A skip-cycle mode helps reduce power consumption at light loads for energy conservation applications. The LM5023 also uses the transformer auxiliary winding for output overvoltage (OVP) protection. If an OVP fault is detected the LM5023 latches off the power supply.

The UCC24630 uses a V/s balancing control method since the device is not directly connected to the MOSFET drain. The has a programmable false triggering filter, a frequency detector to automatically switch to standby mode and pin fault protections.

This User's Guide provides the schematic, component list, assembly drawing, art work and test set up necessary to evaluate the UCC24630 in a typical offline flyback converter application.

2.1 Applications

The UCC24630 is suited for use in isolated off-line systems requiring high efficiency, low standby power and advanced protection features including:

- USB Compliant Adapters and Chargers for Consumer Electronics (smart phones, tablets, cameras)
- Standby Supply for TV and Desktop
- Battery Chargers
- Power Supply for DVD Players, Set-Top Box, Gaming, Printers

2.2 Features

The UCC24630EVM-636 features include:

- Isolated 19.5-V, 65-W output.
- Universal offline input voltage range.
- Meets requirements for average load efficiency and no load power consumption of US DOE Standard for External Power Supplies.
- Meets requirements for average and 10% load efficiency and no-load power consumption of EC Code of Conduct on Energy Efficiency of External Power Supplies (Version 5) Tier 2.
- Line Brown out protection, using external circuitry
- EN55022 Class B EMI Compliance.

CAUTION

High voltage levels are present on the evaluation module whenever it is energized. Proper precautions must be taken when working with the EVM. The large bulk capacitors, C2 and C3, and the output capacitors, C7, C8 and C9, must be completely discharged before the EVM can be handled. Serious injury can occur if proper safety precautions are not followed.

3 Electrical Performance Specifications

Table 1. UCC24630EVM-636 Performance Specifications

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNITS
Input Characteristics						
V _{IN}	Input voltage		90	115/230	265	V
f _{LINE}	Frequency		47	50/60	64	Hz
V _{IN(lvlo)}	Brownout voltage	I _{OUT} = I _{NOM}		80		V
V _{IN(ov)}	Brownout recovery voltage			90		V
I _{IN}	Input current	V _{IN} = V _{MIN} , I _{OUT} = max		1.65		A
Output Characteristics						
V _{OUT}	Output voltage	V _{IN} = V _{MIN} to V _{MAX} , I _{OUT} = 0 to I _{NOM}	18.5	19.5	20.5	V
I _{OUT(nom)}	Nominal output current	V _{IN} = V _{MIN} to V _{MAX}		3.33		A
I _{OUT(min)}	Minimum output current	V _{IN} = V _{MIN} to V _{MAX}		0		A
ΔV _{OUT}	Output voltage ripple	V _{IN} = V _{MIN} to V _{MAX} , I _{OUT} = 0 to I _{NOM}		500		mV
P _{OUT}	Output power	V _{IN} = V _{MIN} to V _{MAX}		65		
System Characteristics						
η _{avg}	Average efficiency	V _{IN} = V _{NOM} , I _{OUT} = 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% of I _{OUT(nom)}	89%	90%		
η _{10%}	10% load efficiency	V _{IN} = V _{NOM} , I _{OUT} = 10% of I _{OUT(nom)}	79%	82%		
P _{NL}	No load power	V _{IN} = V _{NOM} , I _{OUT} = 0		60	75	mW
Environmental						
	Conducted EMI		Meets CISPR22B/EN55022B			
MECHANICAL						
W	DIMENSIONS	Width		3.5		in
L		Length		5		in
H		Component height		1.25		in

4 Schematic

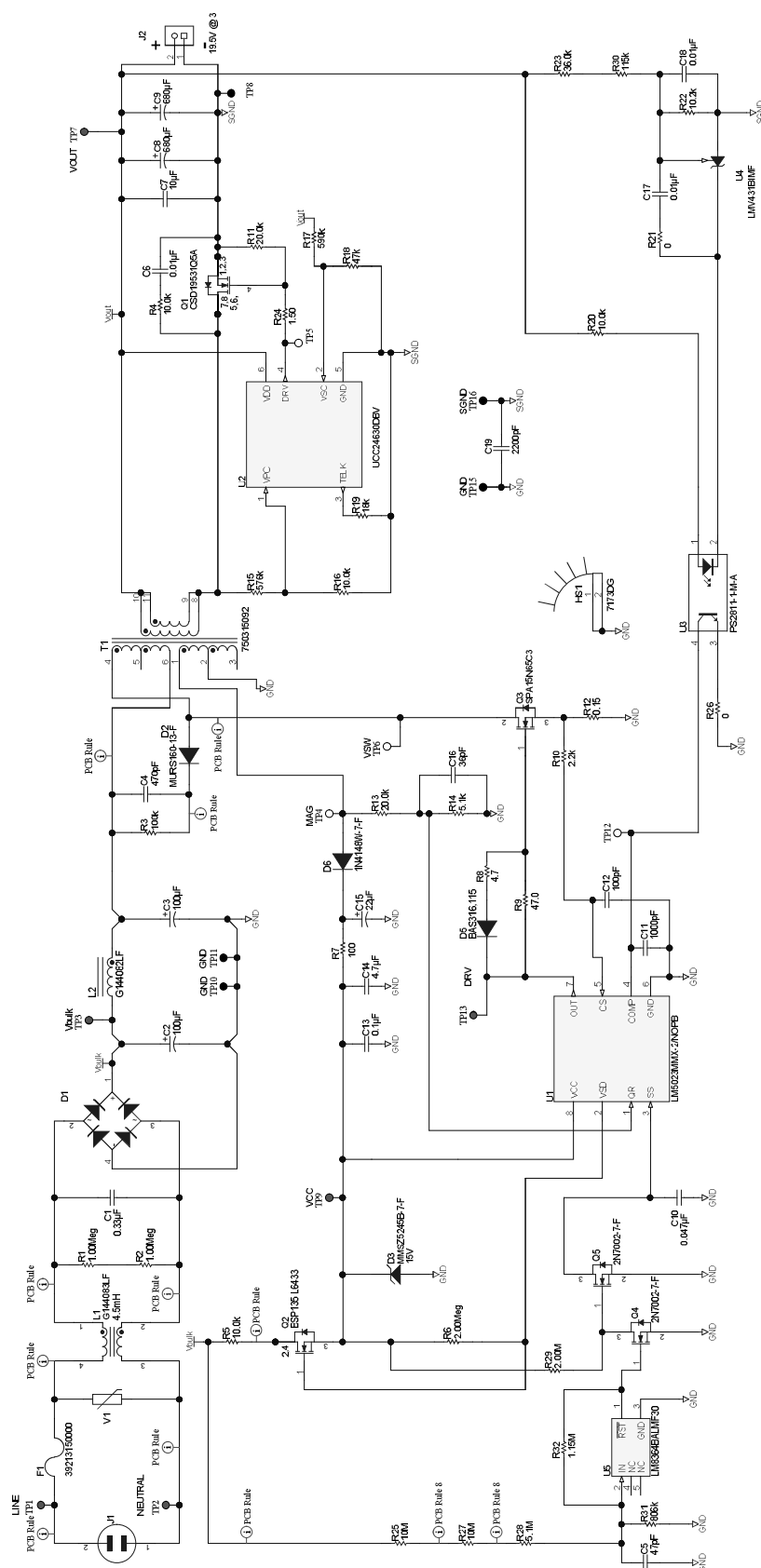


Figure 1. UCC24630EVM-636 Schematic

5 Circuit Description

The input EMI filter is made up of X capacitor C1, common mode inductor L1 and differential inductor L2, and Y capacitor C19. Excessive surge voltage protection is provided by varistor V1 and input current protection is provided by fuse F1. Diode bridge D1, input capacitors C2, C3, transformer T1, MOSFET Q3, LM5023 controller and current sense resistors R11, R11 form the input power stage of the converter.

R3, C4 and D2 make up the primary-side clamp for MOSFET Q3. The clamp prevents the drain voltage from exceeding its maximum rating.

R5 and depletion mode MOSFET Q2 supply start up bias current to U1 and charge up bias capacitors C13, C14 and C15. After reaching the $V_{CC(on)}$ threshold the LM5023VSD open-drain output (which is pulled up to VCC during start up) goes low. This applies a negative gate to source voltage to Q2 turning it off. This disables the high-voltage startup circuit.

Voltage supervisor device U5 is used to accurately set the turn-on voltage of the power supply. The output of U5 is high until the voltage on its input exceeds 3 V. This pulls the SS pin on LM5023 low (through Q4 and Q5) and disables startup of the power supply until the input voltage is about $90 V_{AC}$. The LM5023 is thereby enabled and the OUT drive signal starts switching Q3. Energy is stored and then transferred from the transformer primary to the secondary windings. A bias winding (pins 1 and 2 of T1) delivers energy U1 and maintains the voltage on the VCC pin above its undervoltage lockout (UVLO) value.

Further details on the operation can be found in the [LM5023](#).

UCC24630 controller U2 drives the synchronous rectification (SR) MOSFET Q1.

The control method to determine SR on time is based on the V/s balance principle of primary and secondary conduction V/s product. This evaluation module (EVM) operates in either Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM) or Transition Mode (TM) and the secondary current always returns to zero in each cycle. The inductor charge voltage time product is equal to the discharge voltage time product. The device uses internal ramp emulators to predict the correct SR on time based on voltage and time information on the VPC and VSC pins. R19 is used to set the blanking time of the VPC rising edge and determines the minimum primary on-time required to enable the DRV output on each cycle. This prevents triggering of the SR turn on due to ringing of the MOSFET drain after the SR turn off edge. R17 and R18 program a voltage controlled current source for the internal ramp charging current. This is used to determine the conduction time for Q1. R15 and R16 determine the primary-side V/s during Q3 on time. This is used to program a voltage controlled current source for the internal ramp charging current.

Further details on the operation of the can be UCC24630 found in the data sheet.

6 Test Equipment

AC Input Source: The input source shall be an isolated variable AC source capable of supplying between 90 V_{AC} and 265 V_{AC} at no less than 200 W and connected as shown in [Figure 2](#) and [Figure 3](#). For accurate efficiency calculations, a power meter should be inserted between the AC source and the EVM.

Output Load: A programmable electronic load capable of sinking 0 A to 10 A shall be used.

Power Meter: A power analyzer shall be capable of measuring low input current, typically less than 50 mA and a long averaging mode if low power standby mode input power measurements are to be taken. An example of such an analyzer is the Yokogawa WT210 Single Phase Power Analyzer.

Multimeters: Two digital multimeters are used to measure the regulated output voltage (DMM V1) and load current (DMM A1).

Oscilloscope: A digital or analog oscilloscope with 500-MHz scope probes is recommended.

Fan: Forced air cooling is not required.

Recommended Wire Gauge: A minimum of AWG #18 wire is recommended on the input. The wire connections between the AC source and the EVM, and the wire connections between the EVM and the load should be less than two feet long.

WARNING

High voltages that may cause injury exist on this evaluation module (EVM). Please ensure safety procedures are followed when working on this EVM. Never leave a powered EVM unattended.

6.1 Recommended Test Set Up for Operation Without a Load

Figure 2 shows the equipment set up when testing at no load. The power analyzer should be set for long averaging mode in order to include several cycles of operation and an appropriate current scale factor must be used.

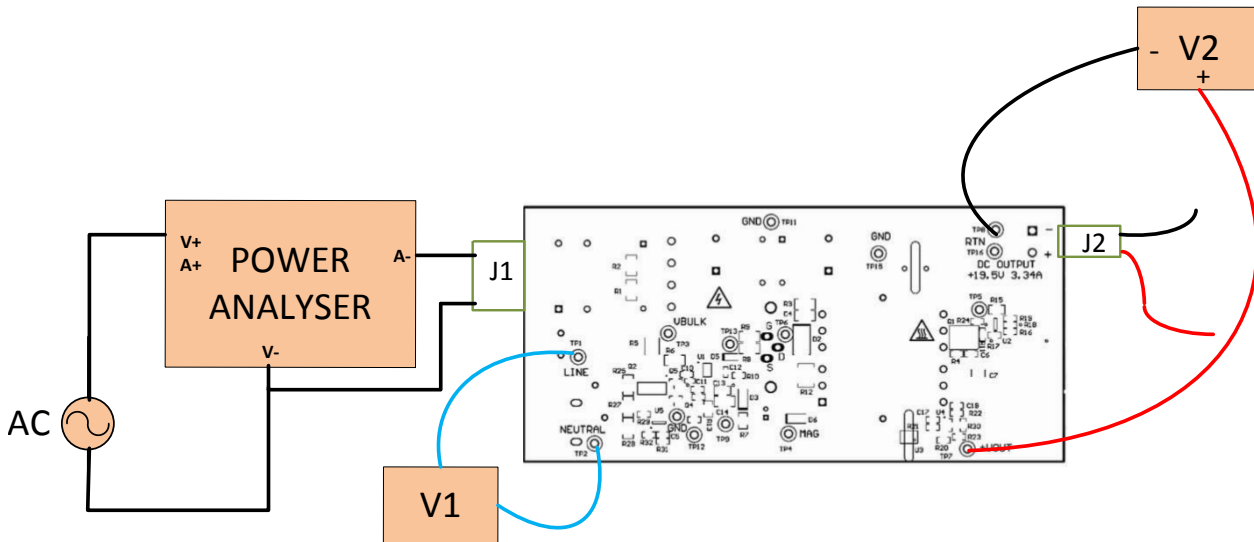


Figure 2. Recommended Test Set Up Without a Load

6.2 Recommended Test Set Up for Operation With a Load

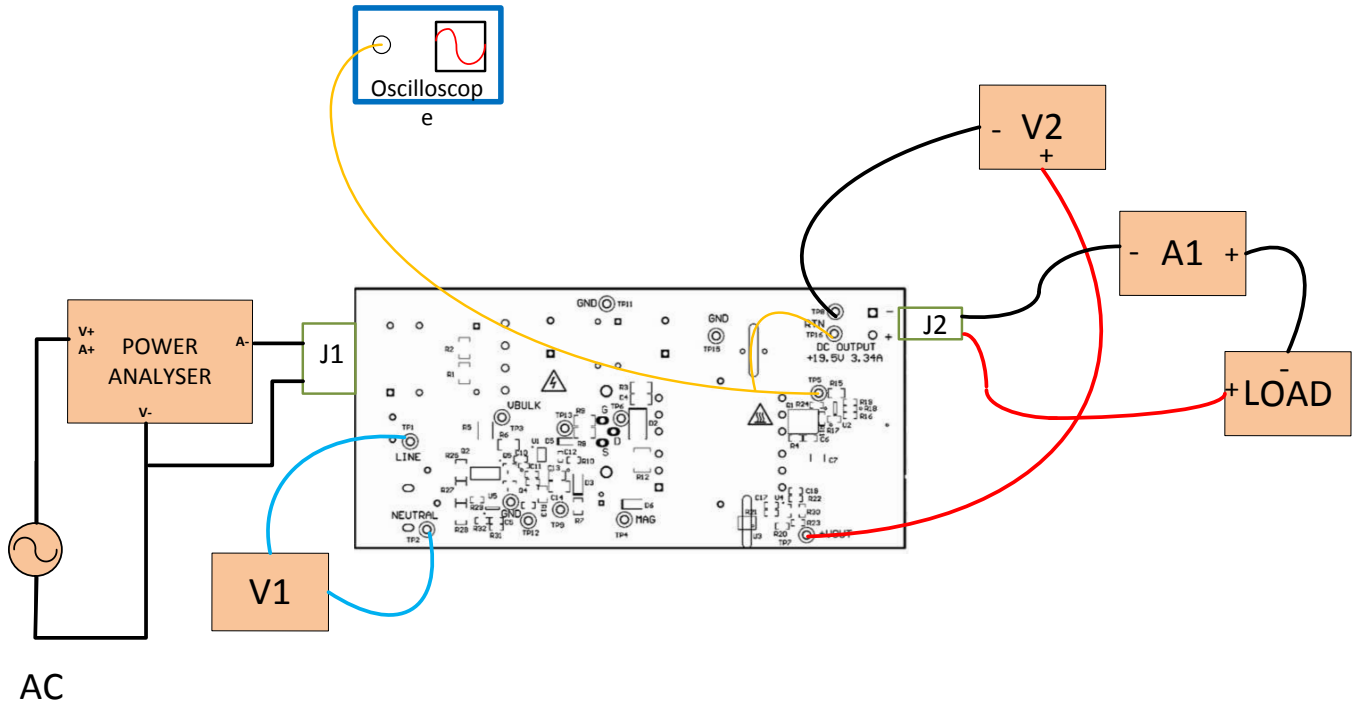


Figure 3. Recommended Test Set Up With a Load

6.3 List of Test Points

Table 2. Test Point Functional Description

TEST POINT	NAME	DESCRIPTION
TP1	LINE	High voltage line AC input
TP2	NEUTRAL	High voltage neutral AC input
TP3	VBULK	Rectified input bulk voltage
TP4	MAG	Auxiliary secondary voltage of main transformer
TP5	DRV	Synchronous rectifier gate drive voltage
TP6	VSW	Drain voltage of main FET
TP7	VOUT	Main output voltage
TP8,TP16	SGND	Secondary ground
TP9	VCC	Bias voltage to primary-side controller
TP10,TP11,TP15	GND	Primary-side ground
TP12	COMP	Compensation voltage to primary-side controller
TP13	DRV	Gate drive to main FET

6.4 Operation without a load

1. Use the test set up shown in [Figure 2](#).
 - (a) Set the power analyzer for long averaging time or integration mode (to include several cycles of operation) and the appropriate setup for measuring no-load power.
 - (b) Allow the unit run at the line voltage where the no-load power is measured for ~5 minutes.
2. Monitor the input power and the output voltage while varying the input voltage.
3. Make sure the EVM is off and the bulk capacitors and output capacitors are completely discharged before handling the EVM.

6.5 Operation with a load

1. Set up the EVM as shown in [Figure 3](#).
2. Vary the electronic load setting from 0-A to 3.34-A constant current.
3. Set the AC source voltage between 90 V_{AC} and 265 V_{AC}.
4. Monitor the output voltage on DMM V1.
5. Monitor the output current on DMM A1.
6. Monitor the input power.

6.6 Efficiency Measurement Procedure

NOTE: The test setup measures the output voltage at the EVM pins and so therefore does not account for cable losses.

1. Use the test set up shown in [Figure 3](#).
 - (a) Set the power analyzer to normal mode.
 - (b) Set the AC source to a constant voltage between 90 V_{AC} and 265 V_{AC}.
 - (c) Vary the load so that the output current varies from 0 A up to 3.34 A, as measured on DMM A1.
 - (d) Observe that the output voltage on DMM V1 remains within 5% of the 19.5-V constant voltage regulation value.
 - (e) Repeat the test at several line voltages.

6.7 Output Voltage Ripple

An external 10-μF aluminum capacitor in parallel with a 1-μF ceramic noise decoupling capacitor network should be connected to the output to measure the output ripple and noise. The loop area between the scope probe tip and ground lead should be minimized for accurate ripple and noise measurements.

6.8 Equipment Shutdown

1. Discharge the output and bulk capacitors.
2. Turn off the AC source.

7 Performance Data and Typical Characteristic Curves

7.1 Efficiency

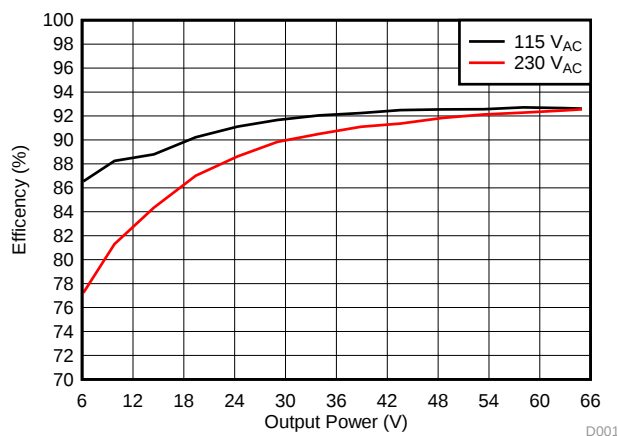


Figure 4. Efficiency Curves

Table 3. Efficiency Data, $V_{IN} = 115\text{ V}$

$V_{IN} (V_{AC})$	$P_{IN} (W)$	$V_{OUT} (V_{DC})$	$I_{OUT} (A)$	$P_{OUT} (W)$	EFF (%)
115	0.050	19.402	0.000	0.000	0.00
	5.643	19.399	0.250	4.850	85.94
	11.120	19.394	0.506	9.813	88.25
	16.290	19.390	0.746	14.465	88.80
	21.510	19.388	1.001	19.407	90.22
	26.720	19.383	1.256	24.345	91.11
	31.670	19.380	1.498	29.031	91.67
	36.900	19.376	1.753	33.966	92.05
	42.170	19.373	2.008	38.901	92.25
	47.100	19.370	2.249	43.563	92.49
	52.400	19.367	2.504	48.495	92.55
	57.690	19.363	2.758	53.403	92.57
	62.640	19.360	3.000	58.080	92.72
	67.960	19.357	3.253	62.968	92.65
	70.160	19.355	3.357	64.975	92.61

Table 4. Efficiency Data, $V_{IN} = 230\text{ V}$

$V_{IN} (V_{AC})$	$P_{IN} (W)$	$V_{OUT} (V_{DC})$	$I_{OUT} (A)$	$P_{OUT} (W)$	EFF (%)
230	0.060	19.366	0.000	0.000	0.00
	6.008	19.379	0.249	4.825	80.31
	12.110	19.381	0.508	9.846	81.30
	17.260	19.385	0.751	14.558	84.35
	22.440	19.390	1.007	19.526	87.01
	27.220	19.376	1.245	24.123	88.62
	32.410	19.371	1.503	29.115	89.83
	37.540	19.369	1.754	33.973	90.50
	42.430	19.366	1.996	38.655	91.10
	47.660	19.362	2.249	43.545	91.37
	52.830	19.360	2.506	48.516	91.83
	57.740	19.357	2.748	53.193	92.13
	62.960	19.354	3.002	58.101	92.28
	68.180	19.351	3.258	63.046	92.47
	70.010	19.349	3.349	64.800	92.56

Table 5. Average Efficiency

V_{IN} (V _{AC})	F (Hz)	P_{IN} (W)	P_{OUT} (W)	EFF (%)	AVG EFF (%)
115	60	16.290	14.46	88.77	91.49
		36.900	33.97	92.05	
		52.400	48.49	92.54	
		70.160	64.97	92.60	
230	50	17.260	14.56	84.35	89.81
		37.540	33.97	90.50	
		52.830	48.52	91.83	
		70.010	64.80	92.56	

NOTE: The DOE specified lower limit is 88% for average efficiency and the EC CofC Tier 2 specified lower limit is 89%.

Table 6. 10% Efficiency

V_{IN} (V _{AC})	F (Hz)	P_{IN} (W)	P_{OUT} (W)	EFF (%)
120	60	8.011	6.66	83.14
230	50	8.048	6.62	82.24

NOTE: The EC CofC Tier 2 specified lower limit for 10% efficiency is 79%.

Table 7. No-Load Power

V_{IN} (V _{AC})	P_{IN} (mW)	V_{OUT} (V)
115	51	19.380
230	59	19.375

NOTE: The EC CofC Tier 2 specified upper limit for maximum power in no load mode is 150 mW and the DOE specified limit is 210 mW.

7.2 Output Ripple

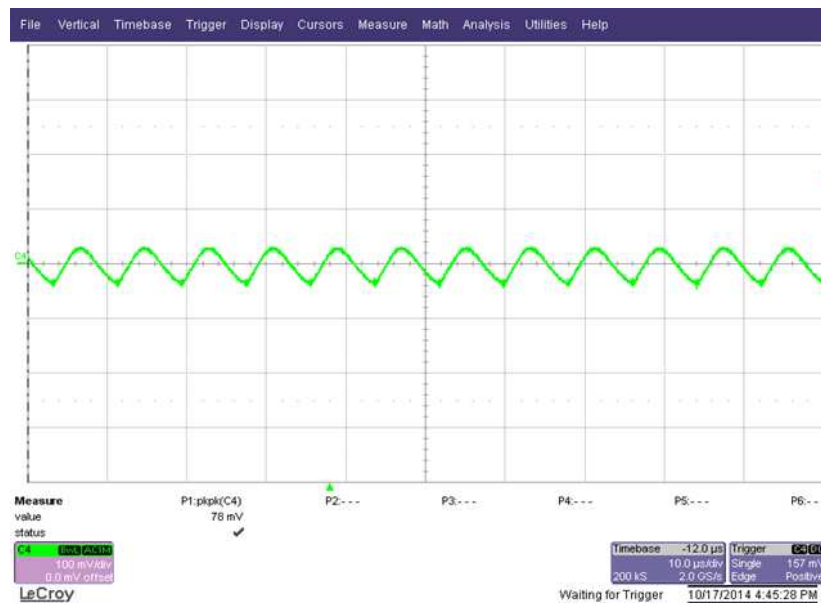


Figure 5. Output Ripple and Noise (90 V/50 Hz, load = 65 W)



Figure 6. Output Ripple and Noise (230 V/60 Hz, load = 65 W)

7.3 Turn-On Waveform

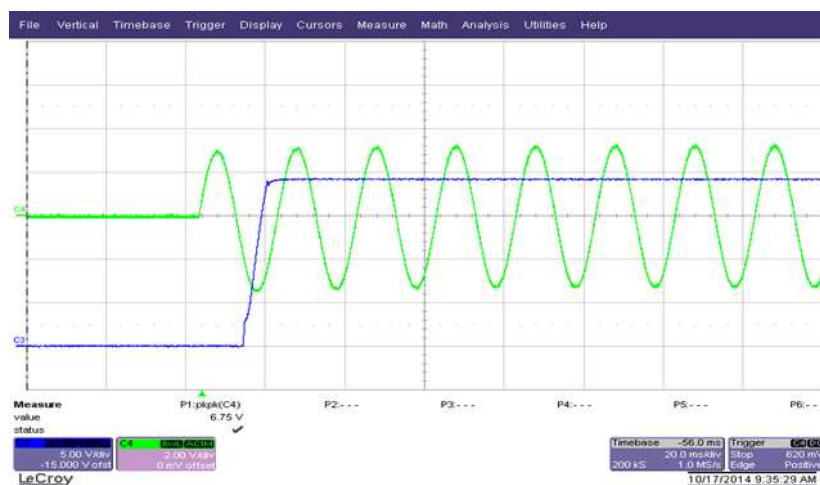


Figure 7. Turn-On Waveform ($C4 = V_{IN}$, $C3 = V_{OUT}$, 230 V_{AC}, 65-W load)

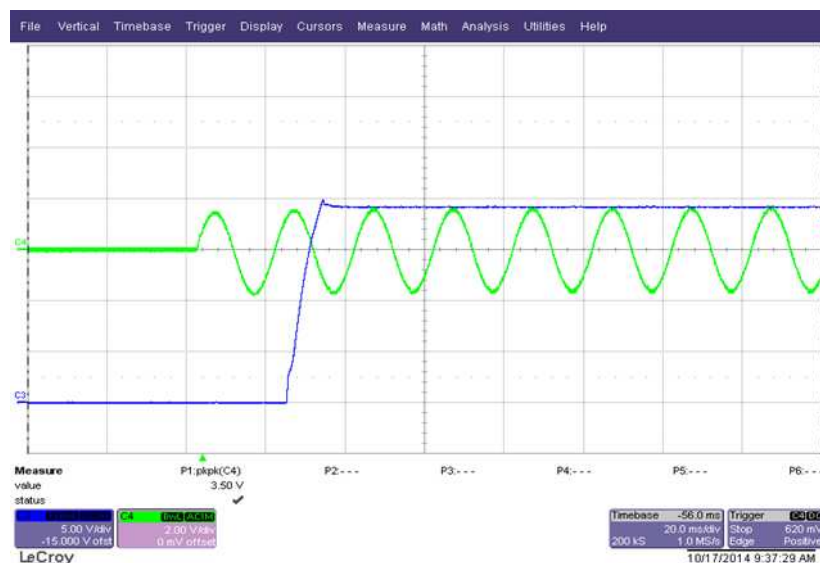


Figure 8. Turn-On Waveform ($C4 = V_{IN}$, $C3 = V_{OUT}$, 115 V_{AC}, 65-W load)

7.4 Primary and Secondary Voltage Waveforms



Figure 9. C1 = V_{SW} , C2 = V_{DRV} 115 V 65 W

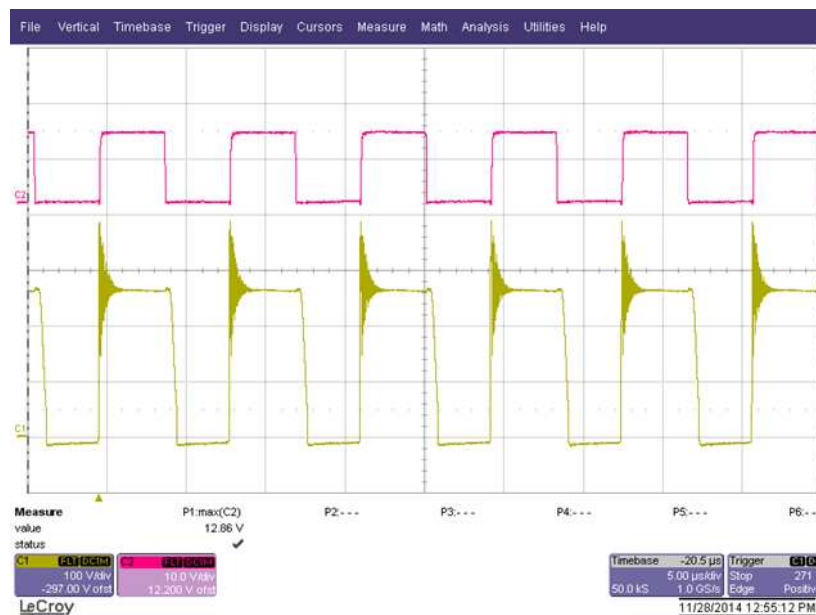


Figure 10. C1 = V_{SW} , C2 = V_{DRV} 230 V, 65 W



Figure 11. C1 = V_{SW} , C2 = V_{DRV} 115 V, 30 W



Figure 12. C1 = V_{SW} , C2 = V_{DRV} 230 V, 30 W



Figure 13. C1 = V_{SW} , C2 = V_{DRV} 115 V, 15 W

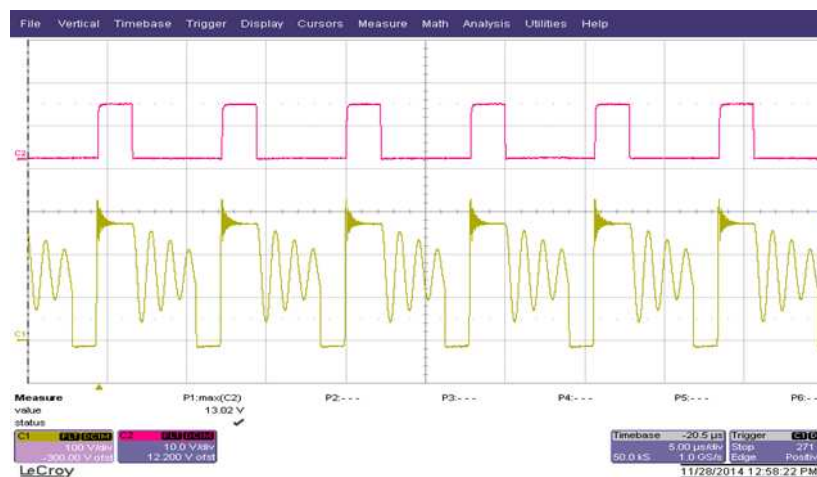


Figure 14. C1 = V_{SW} , C2 = V_{DRV} 230 V, 15 W

7.5 Synchronous Rectifier Drive and Primary Current

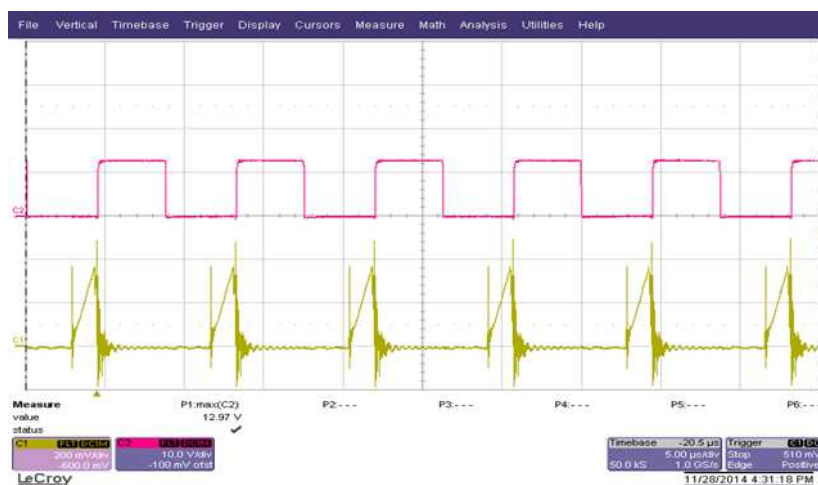


Figure 15. C1 = $V_{(R12)}$, C2 = V_{DRV} 115 V, 65 W

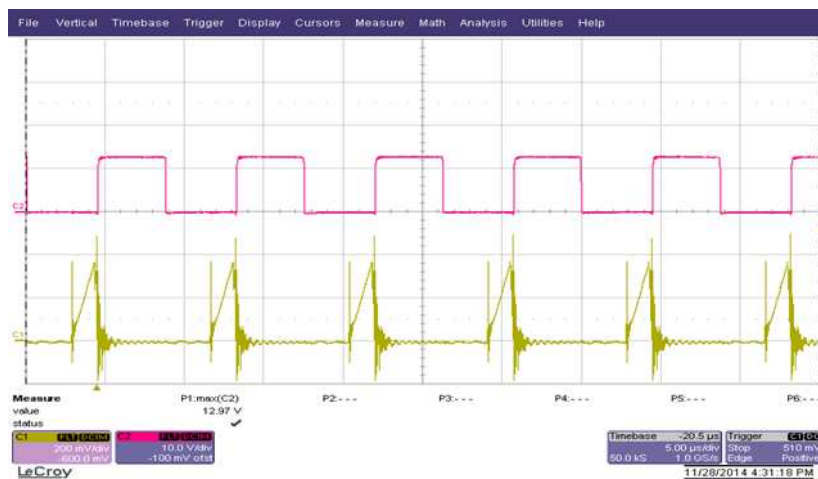


Figure 16. C1 = $V_{(R12)}$, C2 = V_{DRV} 230 V, 65 W

7.6 Secondary SR V_{DS} Voltage and DRV Voltage

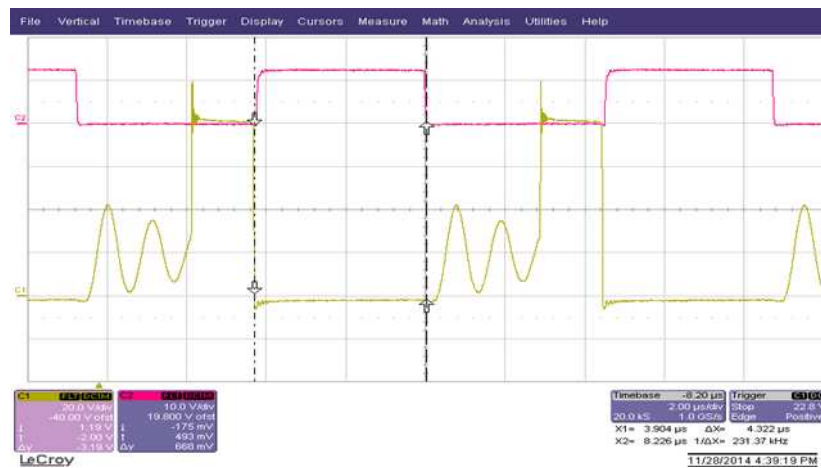


Figure 17. C1 = V (T1 pin 8, pin 9 to SGND), C2 = V_{DRV} 115 V, 65 W

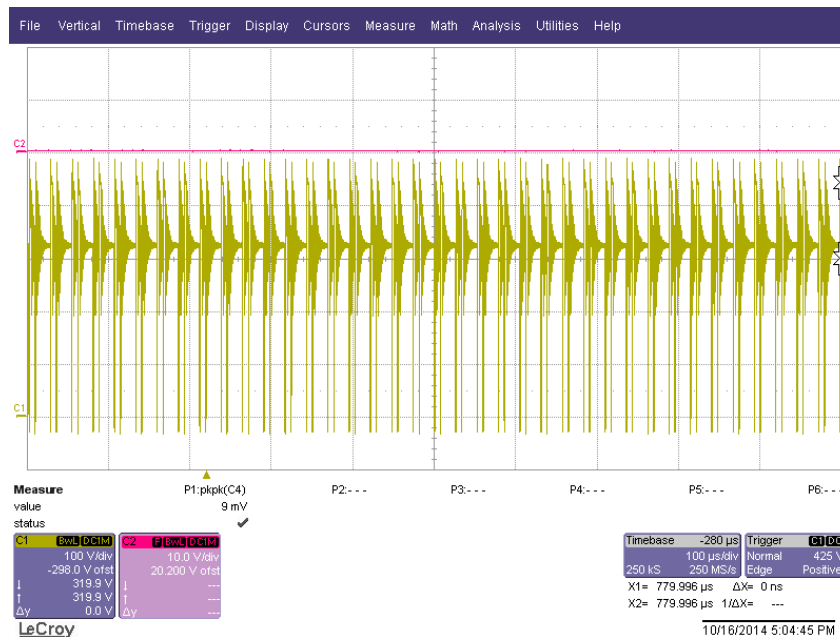


Figure 18. C1 = V_{PRI} (drain), C2 = V_{DRV} , 230 V, 6 W

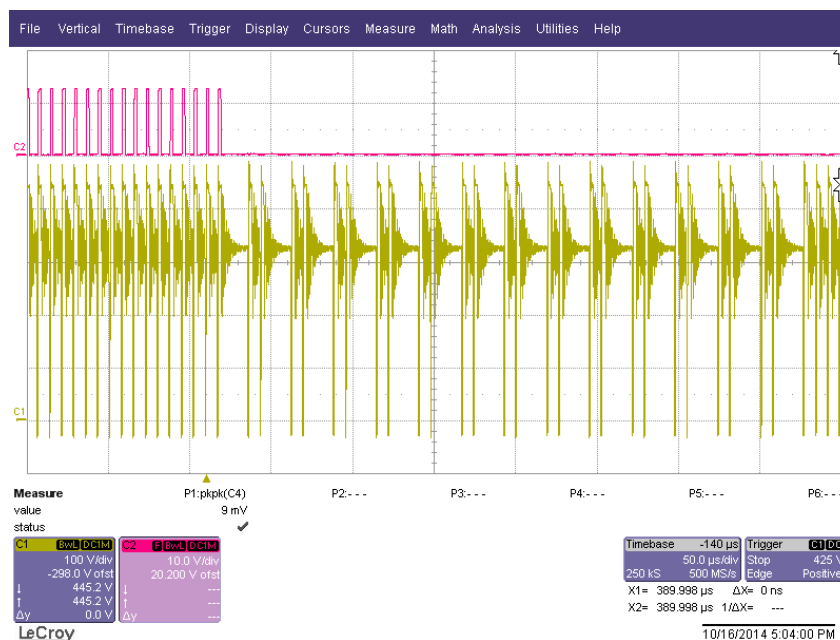


Figure 19. C1 = V_{PRI} (drain), C2 = V_{DRV} , 230 V, 8 W

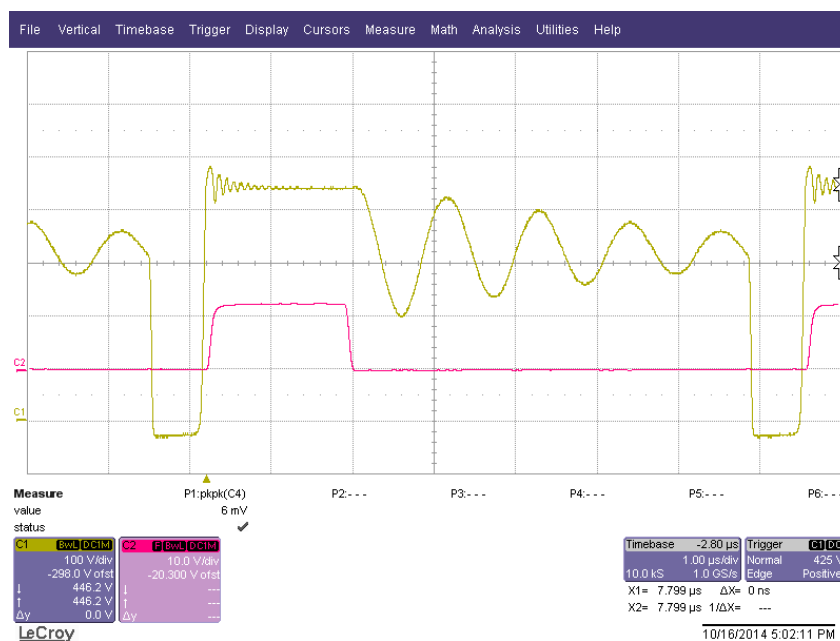


Figure 20. C1 = V_{PRI} (drain), C2 = V_{DRV} , 230 V, 12 W

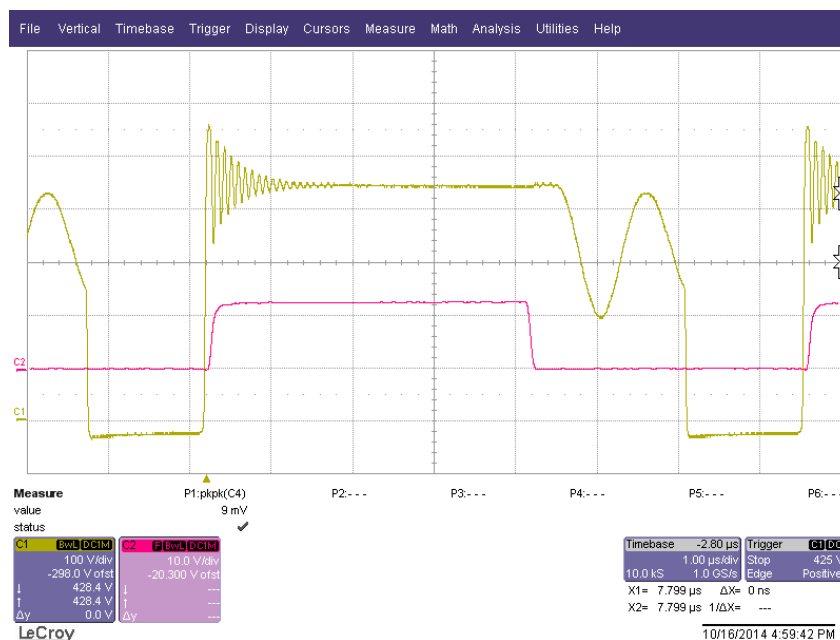


Figure 21. C1 = V_{PRI} (drain), C2 = V_{DRV} , 230 V, 65 W

7.7 Conducted Emissions

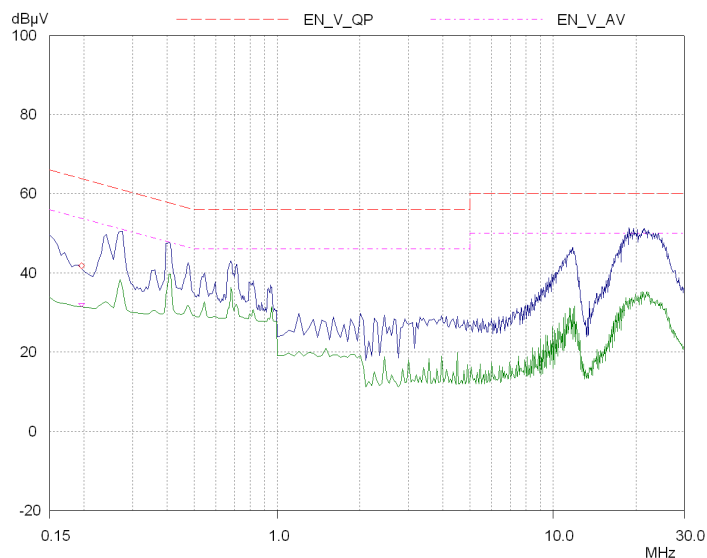


Figure 22. 115 VAC, 65 W with RTN Tied to Earth

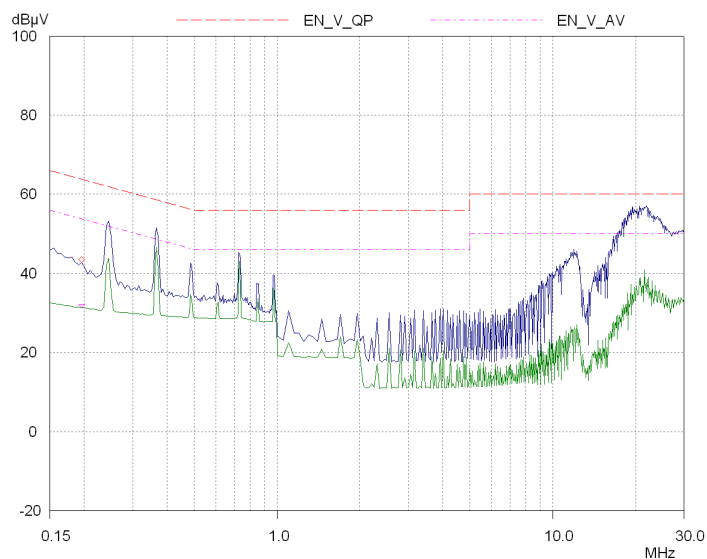


Figure 23. 230 VAC, 65 W with RTN Tied to Earth

8 EVM Assembly Drawing and PCB layout

The following figures (Figure 24 through Figure 25) show the design of the UCC28630EVM-572 printed circuit board.

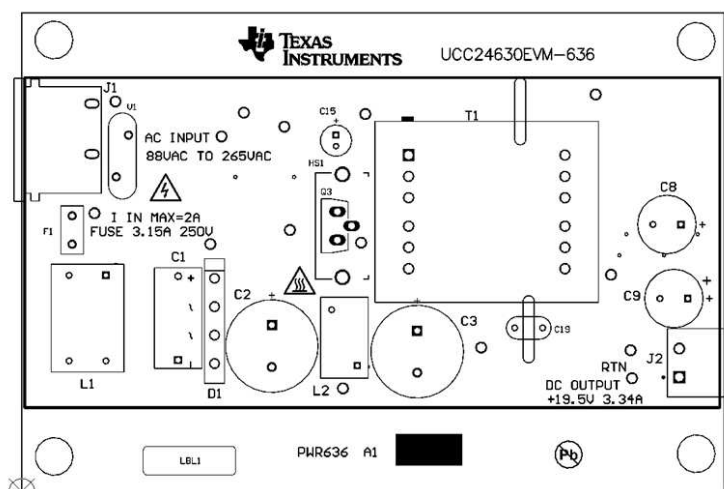


Figure 24. UCC24630EVM-636 Top Layer Assembly Drawing

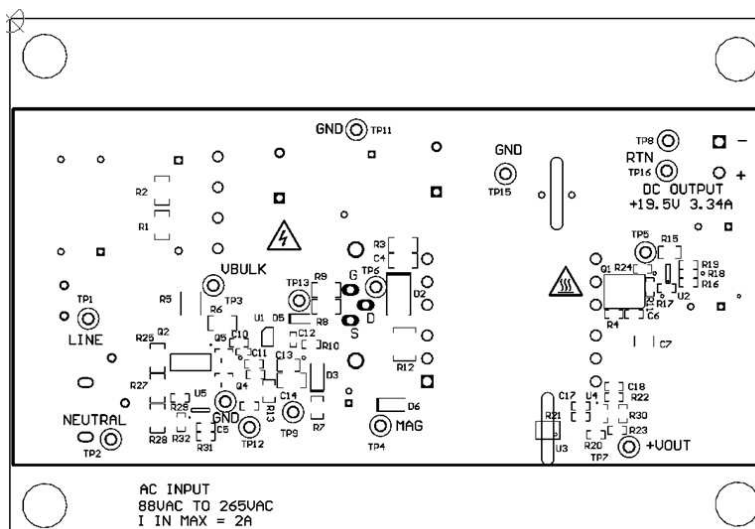


Figure 25. UCC24630EVM-636 Bottom Layer Assembly Drawing

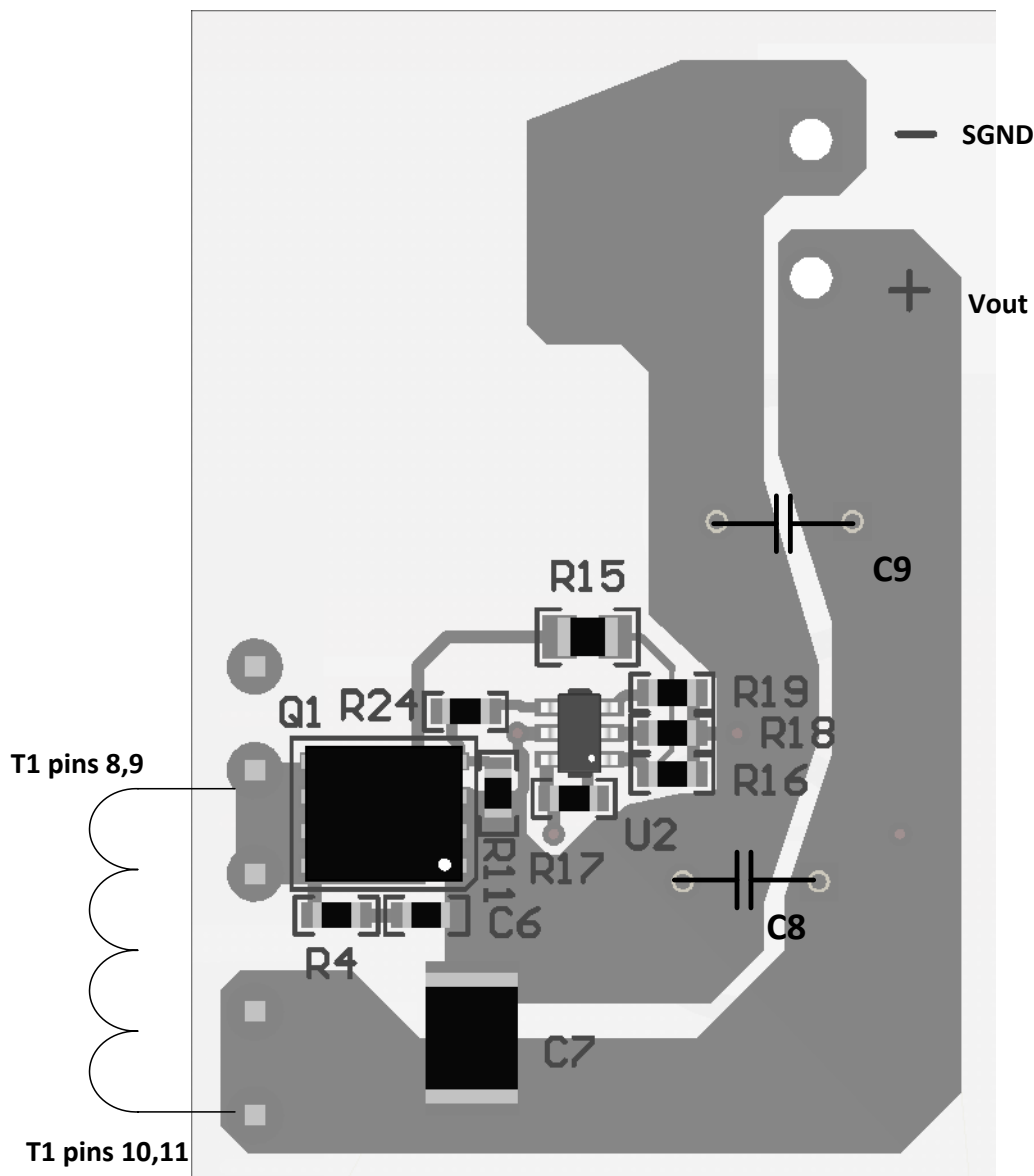


Figure 26. Layout

9 List of Materials

9.1 Flyback Transformer

9.1.1 Material List

- RM10/I core set – 3c95
- 413 nH aluminum
- CPV-RM10-1S-12PD coil former
- Furukawa TEX-E triple insulated wire or equivalent
- ECW
- 1-oz adhesive copper foil (66 μm thick)
- Mylar tape

9.1.2 Winding Table

Table 8. Winding Table

WINDING	START PIN	FINISH PIN	DIRECTION	TURNS	WIRE SIZE/TYPE
W1	1	2	CW	2	0.2-mm ECW
W2	4	5	CW	11	2 x 0.4-mm ECW
W3	2	3	CW	2	0.2-mm ECW
W4		3		1	1 turn of 1 Oz copper foil
W5	10, 11	8, 9	CW	4	4 strands of 0.5-mm TEX-E triple insulated wire
W6		3		1	1 turn of 1-oz copper foil
W7	5	6	CW	11	2 x 0.4-mm ECW

9.1.3 Schematic

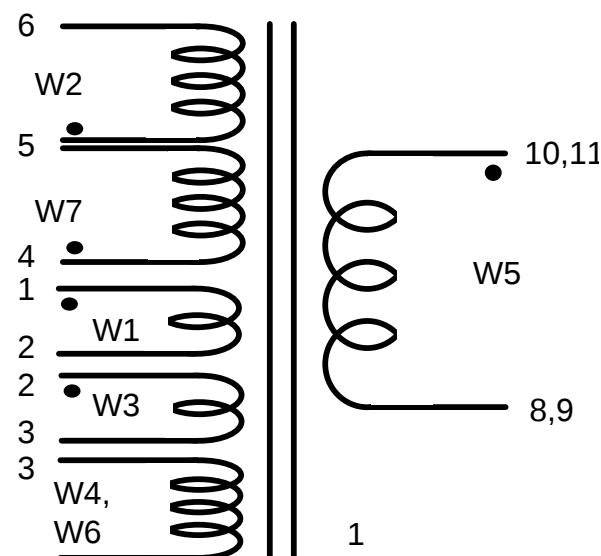


Figure 27. Winding Schematic

9.1.4 Winding and Assembly Instructions

- W1, bias winding, try to space evenly over bobbin, return at 90° to pin. Cover with one layer of tape.
- W2, first half pf primary winding, evenly over bobbin, return at 90° to pin. Cover with one layer of tape.
- W3, winding to develop voltage for W4 and W6 shields. Cover with a layer of tape.
- W4, copper foil shield (~9mm wide to fit). Start and end on primary side, ends should overlap slightly, with tape between them to prevent shorting. The midpoint of the shield should be connected to pin 3.
- W5, secondary winding, 4 strands of 0.5-mm TEX-E. Cover with a layer of tape.
- W6, same as W4. The midpoint of the shield should be connected to pin 3.
- W7, 2nd half of primary winding, evenly over bobbin, return at 90° to pin 5. Cover with two layers of tape.
- Copper foil shield around the assembled core connected to pin 2, cover with tape.

9.1.5 Test Specifications

- Leakage inductance. Short secondary flying leads together. Measure inductance from pins 4-6.
- Inductance check: per table $\pm 5\%$.
- Polarity check: per Dot notation above.
- DCR: per table $\pm 5\%$
- Turns ratio check :
 - $(W2+W7)/W5 = 5.5$
 - $W5/W1 = 2$

Table 9. Winding Inductance Measurements

WINDING	INDUCTANCE	(kHz)
W1 + W5	200 μ H	100
W3		100
W2		100
Primary-secondary leakage inductance		100

9.2 Detailed List of Materials

Table 10. List of Materials for UCC24630EVM-636

QTY	DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	PART NUMBER
1	C1	Capacitor, film, 0.33 μ F, 630 V, $\pm$ 20%, TH	EPCOS Inc	B32922C3334M
2	C2, C3	Capacitor, aluminum, 100 μ F, 400 V, $\pm$ 20%, TH	Rubycon	400KXW100MEFC16X30
1	C4	Capacitor, ceramic, 470 pF, 630 V, $\pm$ 5%, C0G/NP0, 1206	TDK	C3216C0G2J471J
1	C5	Capacitor, ceramic, 47 pF, 50 V, $\pm$ 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	AVX	06035A470JAT2A
3	C6, C17, C18	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.01 μ F, 25 V, $\pm$ 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	TDK	C1608C0G1E103J
1	C7	Capacitor, ceramic, 10 μ F, 25 V, $\pm$ 20%, X7R, 1812	TDK	C4532X7R1E106M
2	C8, C9	Capacitor, aluminum, 680 μ F, 25 V, $\pm$ 20%, 0.023 Ω , TH	Nippon Chemi-Con	EKZE250ELL681MJ20S
1	C10	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.047 μ F, 25 V, $\pm$ 5%, X7R, 0603	AVX	06033C473JAT2A
1	C11	Capacitor, ceramic, 1000 pF, 50 V, $\pm$ 5%, C0G/NP0, 0402	MuRata	GRM1555C1H102JA01D
1	C12	Capacitor, ceramic, 100 pF, 50 V, $\pm$ 5%, C0G/NP0, 0402	MuRata	GRM1535C1H101JDD5D
1	C13	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 μ F, 50 V, $\pm$ 5%, X7R, 0805	AVX	08055C104JAT2A
1	C14	Capacitor, ceramic, 4.7 μ F, 25 V, $\pm$ 10%, X7R, 1206	TDK	C3216X7R1E475K
1	C15	Capacitor, aluminum, 22 μ F, 25 V, $\pm$ 20%, TH	Nichicon	URZ1E220MDD1TD
1	C16	Capacitor, ceramic, 36 pF, 100 V, $\pm$ 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	MuRata	GRM1885C2A360JA01D
1	C19	Capacitor, ceramic, 2200 pF, 250 V, $\pm$ 20%, E, Radial D 8 mm x 5 mm	MuRata	DE2E3KY222MA2BM01
1	D1	Diode, switching-bridge, 800 V, 4 A, TH	Vishay	GBU4K-E3/45
1	D2	Diode, ultrafast, 600V, 1A, SMB	Diodes Inc.	MURS160-13-F
1	D3	Diode, Zener, 15 V, 500 mW, SOD-123	Diodes Inc.	MMSZ5245B-7-F
1	D5	Diode, ultrafast, 100 V, 0.25 A, SOD-323	NXP	BAS316,115
1	D6	Diode, ultrafast, 100 V, 0.15 A, SOD-123	Diodes Inc.	1N4148W-7-F
1	F1	Fuse, 3.15 A, 250 V, TH	Littelfuse	39213150000
1	HS1	Heat sink, TO-220 vertical	Aavid	7173DG
1	J1	AC receptacle, 2.5 A, R/A, TH	Qualtek	770W-X2/10
1	J2	Terminal block, 2 x 1, 5.08 mm, TH	FCI	20020110-H021A01LF
1	J3	Term block plug 2 pos 5.08 MM	FCI	20020006-H021B01LF
1	L1	Coupled inductor, 4.5 mH, A, 0.05 Ω , TH	GCI	G144083LF
1	L2	Inductor, toroid, 47.7 μ H, 7 A, 0.04 Ω , TH	GCI	G144082LF
1	Q1	MOSFET, N-channel, 100V, 16 A, SON 5x6mm	Texas Instruments	CSD19531Q5A
1	Q2	MOSFET, N-channel, 600 V, 0.12 A, SOT-223	Infineon	BSP135 L6433
1	Q3	MOSFET, N-channel, 650 V, 15 A, TO-220 FullPAK	Infineon	SPA15N65C3
2	Q4, Q5	MOSFET, N-channel, 60 V, 0.17 A, SOT-23	Diodes Inc.	2N7002-7-F

Table 10. List of Materials for UCC24630EVM-636 (continued)

QTY	DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	PART NUMBER
2	R1, R2	Resistor, 1.00 M Ω , 1%, 0.25 W, 1206	Vishay-Dale	CRCW12061M00FKEA
1	R3	Resistor, 100 k Ω , 1%, 0.25 W, 1206	Vishay-Dale	CRCW1206100KFKEA
1	R4	Resistor, 10.0 k Ω , 0.5%, 0.1 W, 0603	Yageo America	RT0603DRE0710KL
1	R5	Resistor, 10.0 k Ω , 1%, 1 W, 2512	Vishay-Dale	CRCW251210K0FKEG
1	R6	Resistor, 2.00 M Ω , 1%, 0.25 W, 1206	Vishay-Dale	CRCW12062M00FKEA
1	R7	Resistor, 100 Ω , 1%, 0.125 W, 0805	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0805100RFKEA
1	R8	Resistor, 4.7 Ω , 5%, 0.25 W, 1206	Vishay-Dale	CRCW12064R70JNEA
1	R9	Resistor, 47.0 Ω , 1%, 0.25 W, 1206	Yageo America	RC1206FR-0747RL
1	R10	Resistor, 2.2 k Ω , 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW06032K20JNEA
1	R11	Resistor, 20.0 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW060320K0FKEA
1	R12	Resistor, 0.15 Ω , 1%, 0.5 W, 1210	Rohm	MCR25JZHFLR150
1	R13	Resistor, 20.0 k Ω , 1%, 0.125 W, 0805	Vishay-Dale	CRCW080520K0FKEA
1	R14	Resistor, 5.1 k Ω , 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW06035K10JNEA
1	R15	Resistor, 576 k Ω , 1%, 0.125 W, 0805	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0805576KFKEA
2	R16, R20	Resistor, 10.0 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW060310K0FKEA
1	R17	Resistor, 590 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0603590KFKEA
1	R18	Resistor, 47 k Ω , 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW060347K0JNEA
1	R19	Resistor, 18 k Ω , 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW060318K0JNEA
2	R21, R26	Resistor, 0 Ω , 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW06030000Z0EA
1	R22	Resistor, 10.2 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW060310K2FKEA
1	R23	Resistor, 36.0 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-0736KL
1	R24	Resistor, 1.50 Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW06031R50FKEA
2	R25, R27	Resistor, 10 M Ω , 5%, 0.25 W, 1206	Vishay-Dale	CRCW120610M0JNEA
1	R28	Resistor, 5.1 M Ω , 5%, 0.25 W, 1206	Vishay-Dale	CRCW12065M10JNEA
0	R29	Resistor, 2.00 M Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay	CRCW06032M00FKEA
1	R30	Resistor, 115 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0603115KFKEA
1	R31	Resistor, 806 k Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0603806KFKEA
1	R32	Resistor, 1.15 M Ω , 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	Vishay-Dale	CRCW06031M15FKEA
1	T1	Transformer, 200 μ H, TH	Würth	750315092
1	U1	AC-DC Quasi-Resonant Current Mode PWM Controller	Texas Instruments	LM5023MMX-2/NOPB
1	U2	Synchronous Rectifier Controller	Texas Instruments	UCC24630DBV
1	U3	Low Input Current, High CTR Photocoupler	CEL	PS2811-1-M-A
1	U4	Low-Voltage (1.24 V) Adjustable Precision Shunt Regulator	Texas Instruments	LMV431BIMF
1	U5	Undervoltage Sensing Circuit	Texas Instruments	LM8364BALMF30
1	V1	Varistor, 430 V, 4.5KA, TH	EPCOS Inc	B72214S0271K101

Revision History

Changes from Original (March, 2015) to A Revision

Page

- Deleted P_{NL} reference. 4

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

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- 3 *Regulatory Notices:*

- 3.1 *United States*

3.1.1 *Notice applicable to EVMs not FCC-Approved:*

This kit is designed to allow product developers to evaluate electronic components, circuitry, or software associated with the kit to determine whether to incorporate such items in a finished product and software developers to write software applications for use with the end product. This kit is not a finished product and when assembled may not be resold or otherwise marketed unless all required FCC equipment authorizations are first obtained. Operation is subject to the condition that this product not cause harmful interference to licensed radio stations and that this product accept harmful interference. Unless the assembled kit is designed to operate under part 15, part 18 or part 95 of this chapter, the operator of the kit must operate under the authority of an FCC license holder or must secure an experimental authorization under part 5 of this chapter.

3.1.2 *For EVMs annotated as FCC – FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Part 15 Compliant:*

CAUTION

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC Interference Statement for Class A EVM devices

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC Interference Statement for Class B EVM devices

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

3.2 Canada

3.2.1 For EVMs issued with an Industry Canada Certificate of Conformance to RSS-210

Concerning EVMs Including Radio Transmitters:

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Concernant les EVMs avec appareils radio:

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Concerning EVMs Including Detachable Antennas:

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication. This radio transmitter has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed in the user guide with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Concernant les EVMs avec antennes détachables

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante. Le présent émetteur radio a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés dans le manuel d'usage et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

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http://www.tij.co.jp/lstds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_01.page

3.3.2 *Notice for Users of EVMs Considered "Radio Frequency Products" in Japan:* EVMs entering Japan may not be certified by TI as conforming to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan.

If User uses EVMs in Japan, not certified to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan, User is required by Radio Law of Japan to follow the instructions below with respect to EVMs:

1. Use EVMs in a shielded room or any other test facility as defined in the notification #173 issued by Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications on March 28, 2006, based on Sub-section 1.1 of Article 6 of the Ministry's Rule for Enforcement of Radio Law of Japan,
2. Use EVMs only after User obtains the license of Test Radio Station as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs, or
3. Use of EVMs only after User obtains the Technical Regulations Conformity Certification as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs. Also, do not transfer EVMs, unless User gives the same notice above to the transferee. Please note that if User does not follow the instructions above, User will be subject to penalties of Radio Law of Japan.

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