# CC256x TI Bluetooth Stack HSPDemo App

Return to CC256x MSP432 TI's Bluetooth stack Basic Demo APPS (http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/swru453a/swru453a.pdf)

Return to CC256x STM32F4 TI's Bluetooth stack Basic Demo APPS (http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/swru428/swru428.pdf)

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# **Demo Overview**

Note: The same instructions can be used to run this demo on the MSP432 or STM32F4 Platforms.

The Headset profile (HSP) is used to connect a headset or speakerphone with a mobile device or used to connect a Audio gateway with headset device to provide basic control and voice connections. The Headset profile supports two roles, Headset and Audio Gateway. This document demonstrates how to use both roles of the profile.

It is recommended that the user visits the kit setup Getting Started Guide for MSP432 (http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/swru453a/swru453a.pdf) or Getting Started Guide for STM32F4 (htt p://www.ti.com/lit/ug/swru428/swru428.pdf) pages before trying the application described on this page.

# Running the Bluetooth Code

Once the code is flashed, connect the board to a PC using a miniUSB or microUSB cable. Once connected, wait for the driver to install. It will show up as **XDS110 Class Application/User UART (COM x)** for MSP432, under Ports (COM & LPT) in the Device manager. Attach a Terminal program like PuTTY to the serial port x for the board. The serial parameters to use are 115200 Baud, 8, n, 1. Once connected, reset the device using Reset S3 button (For MSP432) and you should see the stack getting initialized on the terminal and the help screen will be displayed, which shows all of the commands.

PNote: The information shown in the yellow square holds the FW, BTPS and application versions for future use.

### **Demo Application**

This section provides a description of how to use the demo application to connect smart phone over Bluetooth HSP profile, the same for the second smart phone. Bluetooth HSP is a simple Client-Server connection process with one side, the Client, operating in the Audio-Gateway role and the other, the Server, operating in the Handsfree role. We will setup the boards as a Handsfree Server and use an android phone as the Client. Once connected, we can use the STM3240G-EVAL board as headset, with audio connected to the earphone jack.

#### Headset role

#### Server setup on the demo application

a) After initialization of the application we need to choose our role, this section will describe the **Headset** role, issue the **Headset** command in order to choose this role. After selecting the role you will be able to see the commands for this role.

```
🚜 COM14 - PuTTY
                                                         - - X
hoose Mode>Headset
 Command Options: Inquiry, DisplayInquiryList, Pair,
                   EndPairing, PINCodeResponse, PassKeyResponse,
                   UserConfirmationResponse,
                   SetDiscoverabilityMode, SetConnectabilityMode,
                   SetPairabilityMode,
                   ChangeSimplePairingParameters,
                   GetLocalAddress, GetLocalName, SetLocalName,
                   GetClassOfDevice, SetClassOfDevice,
                   GetRemoteName, ServiceDiscovery,
                   OpenServer, CloseServer,
                   PressButton, ChangeSpeakerGain,
                   ChangeMicrophoneGain,
                   Help, Quit
```

b) Optional: Give a name for the STM3240G-EVAL board issuing the **SetLocalName** command. In our example we give it a name of **hspserver**. The default application name is **HSPDemo**.

```
HFRE16 SetLocalName hspserver b)
Local Device Name set to: hspserver.
```

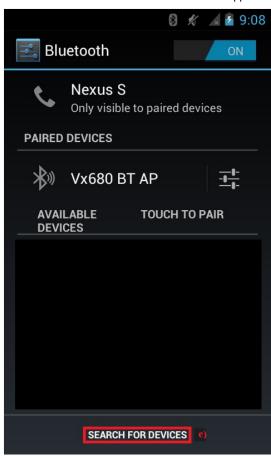
c) Open a HSPServer by isssuing the **OpenServer** command. Below we use OpenServer to open the port.

```
HS OpenServer C)
Headset Server Opened (Channel = 1).

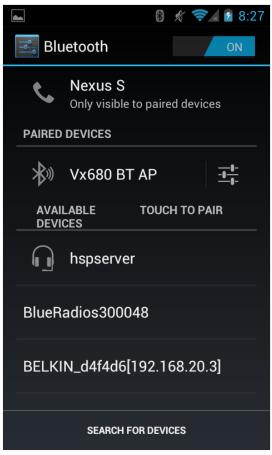
HS>
```

# Client setup and device discovery

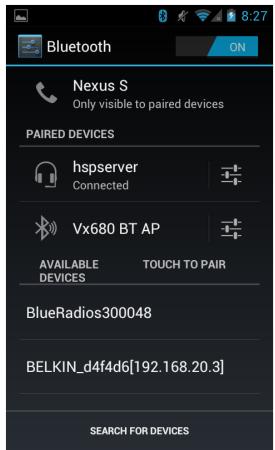
- d) Open the bluetooth settings menu on the android phone Settings->Bluetooth. The menu should look similar to the picture below in section e.
- e) Hit on **Search for devices**. The phone should begin looking for other bluetooth devices.

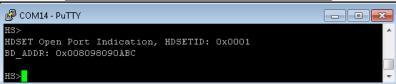


f) The Demo device should appear like shown below in the picture with the given name from section b. or the default name HSPDemo. Click on the device name to begin pairing.



g) After the devices are paired (In legacy pairing the Android will prompt for four digits code and then the terminal prompts for **PINCodeResponse** that should be answered with **PINCodeResponse** < **Four digit code** >, the device should show connected on the phone side and print **Open Service Level Connection Indication** on the terminal .





h) To Answer an Incoming Call or hang up an active call use **PressButton** Command.

```
HS: PressButton h)
HDSET_Send_Button Press() Success.

HS>
HDSET Audio Connection Indication, ID: 0x0001.

I2S configuration start f = 8000

I2S configuration finished

HS: PressButton h)
HDSET_Send_Button_Press() Success.

HS>
HDSET Audio Disconnection Indication, ID: 0x0001.

uninitializeAUDIO finished...
```

i) To Close the  ${\bf HSP server},$  issue the  ${\bf Close Server}$   $<\!{\bf port\ number}\!>$  command.

```
HS>COM14-PuTTY

HS CloseServer | 1)

Headset Server Closed.
```

# **Audio Gateway role**

Note: The following instructions connect two boards running the HSP profile as a Headset and Audio Gateway.

#### Server setup on the demo application

a) After initialization of the application on the first board, we need to choose our role, this section will describe the **Headset** role, issue the **Headset** command in order to choose this

After selecting the role you will be able to see the commands for this role.

```
Choose Mode⊳Headset
                  Inquiry, DisplayInquiryList, Pair,
                  EndPairing, PINCodeResponse, PassKeyResponse,
                  UserConfirmationResponse,
                  SetDiscoverabilityMode, SetConnectabilityMode,
                  SetPairabilityMode,
                  ChangeSimplePairingParameters,
                  GetLocalAddress, GetLocalName, SetLocalName,
                  GetClassOfDevice, SetClassOfDevice,
                  GetRemoteName, ServiceDiscovery,
                  OpenServer, CloseServer,
                  PressButton, ChangeSpeakerGain,
                  ChangeMicrophoneGain,
                  Help, Quit
```

b) Optional: Give a name for the STM3240G-EVAL board issuing the **SetLocalName** command. In our example we give it a name of **hspserver**. The default application name is **HSPDemo**.

```
HFRE16 SetLocalName hspserver b)
Local Device Name set to: hspserver.
```

c) Open a HSPServer by isssuing the **OpenServer** command. Below we use OpenServer to open the port.

```
© COM14-PuTTY

B3 OpenServer C

HeadSet Server Opened (Channel = 1).

HS>
```

# Client setup and device discovery

d) After initialization of the application on the second board, we need to choose our role, this section will describe the **Audio Gateway** role. Issue the **AudioGateway** command in order to choose this role.

After selecting the role you will be able to see the commands for this role.

```
Choose Mode>audiogateway

Choose Mode>audiogateway

Command Options: Headset, AudioGateway, Help

Command Options: Inquiry, DisplayInquiryList, Pair
EndPairing, PlMCodaResponse, PassKeyResponse,
UsesConfirmationResponses

SetDiscoverabilityMode, SetConnectabilityMode,
SetPairabilityMode, SetConnectabilityMode,
ChangeSimplePairingParameters,
GetLocalAddress, GetLocalMane, SetLocalMane,
GetLocalAddress, GetLocalMane, SetLocalMane,
GetClassOfDevice, SetClassOfDevice,
GetRemoteNane, ServiceDiscovery,
OpenCient, CloseClient,
RingIndication, ChangeSpeakerGain,
General Communication,
ManageAudio,
Help, Quit
```

e) In order to open the Client port, we need to find the device we want to connect to, to do so we issue the Inquiry command to start scanning for nearby devices.

```
AG>inquiry
Return Value is Ø GAP_Perform_Inquiry() SUCCESS.
AG>
GGP Inquiry Entry Result: ØxDC536Ø6AØ62A.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: ØxE8B1FC98ØB7E.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: Øx88C255D1D645.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: Øx244BØ3F712D3.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: ØxBØB448F4883D.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: ØxBØB448F4883D.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: 0xBØB448F4883D.
AG>
GAP Inquiry Result: 1, ØxDC536Ø6AØ62A.
GAP Inquiry Result: 1, ØxDC536Ø6AØ62A.
GAP Inquiry Result: 2, ØxE8B1FC98ØB7E.
GAP Inquiry Result: 3, Øx88C255D1D645.
GAP Inquiry Result: 4, Øx244BØ3F712D3.
GAP Inquiry Result: 4, Øx244BØ3F712D3.
GAP Inquiry Result: 4, Øx244BØ3F712D3.
GAP Inquiry Result: 5, ØxBØB448F4883D.
```

- f) After the Inquiry command has finished a list of found devices will be printed to the console. Note that we can retrieve the list again by issuing the DisplayInquiryList command.
- g) After we found the device we need to issue the **OpenClient** command to open the **Client** port.

```
AG>openclient 3 1
HDSET_Open_Remote_Headset_Port<> was successful.
AG>
HDSET Open Port Confirmation, HDSETID: 0x0001, Status 0x0000.
```

h) You should receive an HDSET Open Remote Headset Port indication on the Client and Server consoles:

```
AG>
HDSET Open Port Confirmation, HDSETID: 0x0001, Status 0x0000.
```

The **Server** console also prints out the connected BD\_ADDR.

```
HS>
HDSET Open Port Indication, HDSETID: 0x0001
BD_ADDR: 0xB0B448F49D74
```

i) You must now ring the Server device in order to begin the audio streaming process. This can be accomplished by issuing the RingIndication command on the Client.

```
AG>ringindication
HDSET_Ring_Indication(> Success.
```

j) The  ${\bf Server}$  will receive a  ${\bf HDSET}$   ${\bf Ring}$   ${\bf Indication}.$ 

```
HS>
HDSET Ring Indication, ID: 0x0001.
Answer with respond command: PressButton
```

k) To Answer the Incoming Call or hang up an active call issue the PressButton command from the Server.

```
HS>pressbutton
HDSET_Send_Button_Press() Success.
HS>
HDSET Audio Connection Indication, ID: 0x0001.
```

1) The Client will receive both a HDSET Button Pressed and HDSET Audio Connection indications.

```
9G)
HDSET Button Pressed Indication, ID: 0x8001, Connection Present: 0x8001.
9G)
HDSET Audio Connection Indication, ID: 0x8001.
```

m) To Close the **HSPserver**, issue the **CloseServer < port number >** command.

#### Example: Audio gateway with a commercial headset

This demonstrates setting up the client to connect to a commercial headset.

a) This section will describe the Audio Gateway role. Issue the AudioGateway command in order to choose this role.

After selecting the role you will be able to see the commands for this role.

```
OpenStack().
Stack Initialization on Port 1 115200 (UART) Successful.
Bluetooth Stack ID: 1
Device Chipset: 4.1
BTPS Version : 4.0.3.0
Project Type : 6
Project Type
FW Version
                  : 7.26
App Name : HSPDemo
App Version : 0.1
LOCAL BD_ADDR: 0xB0B448F49D74
GAP_Set_Connectability_Mode(cmConnectable).
GAP_Set Discoverability_Mode(dmGeneralDiscoverable, 0).
GAP_Set_Pairability_Mode(pmPairableMode).
GAP_Register_Remote_Authentication() Success.
*******************
* Command Options: Headset, AudioGateway, Help
Choose Mode>AudioGateway
***********************
* Command Options: Inquiry, DisplayInquiryList, Pair,

EndPairing, PINCodeResponse, PassKeyResponse,

UserConfirmationResponse,
                         SetDiscoverabilityMode, SetConnectabilityMode,*
SetPairabilityMode,
*
                        Getlassifymole, ChangeSimplePairingParameters, GetLocalAddress, GetLocalName, SetLocalName, GetClassOfDevice, SetClassOfDevice, GetRemoteName, ServiceDiscovery,
                         OpenClient, CloseClient, RingIndication, ChangeSpeakerGain,
                         ChangeMicrophoneGain,
                         ManageAudio,
```

b) In order to open the Client port, we need to find the device we want to connect to, to do so we issue the Inquiry command to start scanning for nearby devices.

```
AG>Inquiry
Return Value is 0 GAP_Perform_Inquiry() SUCCESS.
```

c) After the Inquiry command has finished a list of found devices will be printed to the console. PNote: We can retrieve the list again by issuing the DisplayInquiryList command.

```
AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: 0x244B03F712D3.

AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: 0x340286605044.

AG>
GAP Inquiry Entry Result: 0x000DFD4072EF.

AG>
GAP Inquiry Result: 3 Found.
GAP Inquiry Result: 1, 0x244B03F712D3.

GAP Inquiry Result: 2, 0x340286605044.

GAP Inquiry Result: 2, 0x340286605044.

GAP Inquiry Result: 3, 0x000DFD4072EF.
```

d) You can verify the device you want to connect to by issuing the GetRemoteName <Inquiry Index> command.

```
AG>GetRemoteName 3
GAP_Query_Remote_Device_Name: Function Successful.
AG>
GAP Remote Name Result: BD_ADDR: 0x000DFD4072EF.
GAP Remote Name Result: Motorola S10-HD.
```

e) Discover services of the remote HFP server by issuing the ServiceDiscovery 3 11, command to get the port number.

Note: The port ID on the remote Hands free device is 0x02 (The Unsigned int), from the Attribute ID 0x0004. This port ID is used in the following OpenAudioGatewayClient command as its second parameter after being converted to its decimal equivilant (10).

```
AG>ServiceDiscovery
Usage: SERVICEDISCOVERY [Inquiry Index] [Profile Index] [16/32 bit UUID (Manual only)].
     Profile Index:
          0) Manual (MUST specify 16/32 bit UUID)
1) L2CAP
           2) Advanced Audio
           3) A/V Remote Control
              Basic Imaging
           5) Basic Printing
           6) Dial-up Networking
7) FAX
        8) File Transfer
9) Hard Copy Cable Repl.
10) Health Device
11) Headset
         12) Audio gateway
         13) HID
        14) LAN Access
15) Message Access
16) Object Push
         17) Personal Area Network
18) Phonebook Access
         19) SIM Access
         20) Serial Port
         21) IrSYNC
Function Error.
AG>ServiceDiscovery 3 11
SDP_Service_Search_Attribute_Request(Headset) Success.
SDP Service Search Attribute Response Received (Size = 0x0010)
Service Record: 1:
Attribute ID 0x0000
Type: Unsigned Int = 0x00010001
Attribute ID 0x0001
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: UUID_16 = 0x1108
Type: UUID_16 = 0x1203
Attribute ID 0x0004
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: UUID_16 = 0x0100
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: UUID_16 = 0x0003
Type: Unsigned Int = 0x02
Attribute ID 0x0006
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: Unsigned Int = 0x656E
Type: Unsigned Int = 0x006A
Type: Unsigned Int = 0x0100
Attribute ID 0x0009
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: Data Element Sequence
Type: UUID_16 = 0x1108
Type: Unsigned Int = 0x0100
Attribute ID 0x0100
Type: Text String = Headset
```

Attribute ID 0x0302 Type: Boolean = TRUE

f) After we found the device we need to issue the OpenClient command to open the Client port.

```
AG>OpenClient
Usage: Open [Inquiry Index] [RFCOMM Server Port].
Function Error.
AG>OpenClient 3 2
HDSET_Open_Remote_Headset_Port() was successful.
```

g) You should receive an HDSET Open Remote Headset Port indication on the Client console:

```
AG>
atPINCodeRequest: 0x000DFD4072EF

Respond with the command: PINCodeResponse

AG>PINCodeResponse 0000
GAP_Authentication_Response(), Pin Code Response Success.

AG>
atlinkReyCreation: 0x000DFD4072EF
tink Key: 0x19CDEF146AF8A709A1C93BAA99A6E8EE
tink Key Stored locally.

AG>
HDSET Open Port Confirmation, HDSETID: 0x0001, Status 0x0000.

AG>
HDSET Speaker Gain Indication, ID: 0x0001, Gain: 0x0005.

AG>
HDSET Microphone Gain Indication, ID: 0x0001, Gain: 0x000A.
```

h) You must now ring the Server device in order to begin the audio streaming process. This can be accomplished by issuing the RingIndication command on the Client.

```
AG>RingIndication
HDSET_Ring_Indication() Success.
```

i) Next we will attempt to setup and release the audio connection on the current port.

```
AG-ManageAudio
Usage: Audio [Release = 0, Setup = 1].
Function Error.

AG-ManageAudio 1
HDSET_Setup_Audio_Connection: Function Successful.

AGS-ManageAudio Connection Indication, ID: 0x0001.
```

```
AG>ManageAudio 0
HDSET_Release_Audio_Connection: Function Successful.
AG>RingIndication
HDSET_Ring_Indication() Success.
```

# **Application Commands**

TI's Bluetooth stack is implementation of the upper layers of the Bluetooth protocol stack. TI's Bluetooth stack provides a robust and flexible software development tool that implements the Bluetooth Protocols and Profiles above the Host Controller Interface (HCI). TI's Bluetooth stack's Application Programming Interface (API) provides access to the upper-layer protocols and profiles and can interface directly with the Bluetooth chips.

An overview of the application and other applications can be read at the <u>Getting Started Guide (http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/swru453a/swru453a.pdf)</u> for MSP432 and <u>Getting Started Guide (http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/swru428/swru428.pdf)</u> for STM32F4.

This page describes the various commands that a user of the application can use. Each command is a wrapper over a TI's Bluetooth stack API which gets invoked with the parameters selected by the user. This is a subset of the APIs available to the user. TI's Bluetooth stack API documentation (TI\_Bluetooth\_Stack\_Version-Number\Documentation or for STM32F4, TI\_Bluetooth\_Stack\_Version-Number\RTOS\_VERSION\Documentation) describes all of the API's in detail.

# **Generic Access Profile Commands**

The Generic Access Profile defines standard procedures related to the discovery and connection of Bluetooth devices. It defines modes of operation that are generic to all devices and allows for procedures which use those modes to decide how a device can be interacted with by other Bluetooth devices. Discoverability, Connectability, Pairability, Bondable Modes, and Security Modes can all be changed using Generic Access Profile procedures. All of these modes affect the interaction two devices may have with one another. GAP also defines the procedures for how bond two Bluetooth devices.

## Help (DisplayHelp)

#### Description

The DisplayHelp command will display the Command Options menu. Depending on the UI\_MODE of the device (Server or Client), different commands will be used in certain situations. The Open and Close commands change their use depending on the mode the device is in.

#### **Parameters**

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command. A parameter will have no effect on the outcome of the Help Menu.

#### Possible Return Values

The return value is always o

### Inquiry

#### Description

The Inquiry command is responsible for performing a General Inquiry for discovering Bluetooth Devices. The command requires that a valid Bluetooth Stack ID exists before running. This command returns zero on a successful call or a negative value if an error occurred during execution. The inquiry will last 10 seconds unless 20 devices (MAX\_INQUIRY\_RESULTS) are found before that time limit.

#### **Parameters**

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command. A parameter will have no effect on the outcome of the Inquiry.

#### **Possible Return Values**

(o) Successful Inquiry Procedure
(-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
(-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
(-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

(-58) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_MODE

### API Call

GAP\_Perform\_Inquiry(BluetoothStackID, itGeneralInquiry, o, o, 10, MAX\_INQUIRY\_RESULTS, GAP\_Event\_Callback, (unsigned long) NULL);

### **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI GAP\_Perform\_Inquiry(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, GAP\_Inquiry\_Type\_t GAP\_Inquiry\_Type, unsigned int MinimumPeriodLength, unsigned int MaximumPeriodLength, unsigned int InquiryLength, unsigned int MaximumResponses, GAP\_Event\_Callback\_t GAP\_Event\_Callback, unsigned long CallbackParameter);

### Description of API

This function is provided to allow a mechanism for starting an Inquiry Scan Procedure. The first parameter to this function is the Bluetooth Protocol Stack of the Bluetooth Device that is to perform the Inquiry. The second parameter is the type of Inquiry to perform. The third and fourth parameters are the Minimum and Maximum Period Lengths which are specified in seconds (only valid in case a Periodic Inquiry is to be performed). The fifth parameter is the Length of Time to perform the Inquiry, specified in seconds. The sixth parameter is the Number of Responses to wait for. The final two parameters represent the Callback Function (and parameter) that is to be called when the specified Inquiry has completed. This function returns zero is successful, or a negative return error code if an Inquiry was unable to be performed. Only ONE Inquiry can be performed at any given time. Calling this function with an outstanding Inquiry is in progress will fail. The caller can call the GAP\_Cancel\_Inquiry() function to cancel a currently executing Inquiry procedure. The Minimum and Maximum Inquiry Parameters are optional and, if specified, represent the Minimum and Maximum Periodic Inquiry Periods. The called should set BOTH of these values to zero if a simple Inquiry Procedure is to be used (Non-Periodic). If these two parameters are specified, then these two parameters must satisfy the following formula:

MaximumPeriodLength > MinimumPeriodLength > InquiryLength

# Pair

### Description

The Pair command is responsible for initiating bonding with a remote Bluetooth Device. The function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to pair and the device must not already be connected to any device (including the one it tries to pair with). It is also important to note that the use of the Inquiry command before calling Pair is necessary to connect to a remote device. Both General and Dedicated bonding are supported.

### Parameters

The Pair command requires one or two parameters with specific values in order to work successfully. The first parameter is the Inquiry Index of the remote Bluetooth Device. This parameter is always necessary. This can be found after an Inquiry or displayed when the command DisplayInquiryList is used. If the desired remote device does not appear in the list, it cannot be paired with. The second parameter is the bonding type used for the pairing procedure. It is an optional parameter which is only required if General Bonding is desired for the connection. This must be specified as either 0 (for Dedicated Bonding) or 1 (for General Bonding). If only one parameter is given, the Bonding Type will be Dedicated Bonding.

#### **Command Call Examples**

- "Pair 5 o" Attempts to pair with the remote device at the fifth Inquiry Index using Dedicated Bonding.
- "Pair 5" Is the exact same as the above example. If no parameters, the Bonding Type will be Dedicated.
- "Pair 8 1" Attempts to pair with the remote device at the eighth Inquiry Index using General Bonding.

#### Possible Return Values

- (o) Successful Pairing
- (-2) BTPS ERROR INVALID BLUETOOTH STACK ID
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-59) BTPS\_ERROR\_ADDING\_CALLBACK\_INFORMATION
- (-8) BTPS ERROR DEVICE HCI ERROR

#### API Call

 $GAP\_Initiate\_Bonding(BluetoothStackID, Inquiry, ResultList[(TempParam-Params[o].intParam-1)], BondingType, GAP\_Event\_Callback, (unsigned long)o);$ 

### **API Prototype**

#### Description of API

This function is provided to allow a means to Initiate a Bonding Procedure. This function can perform both General and Dedicated Bonding based upon the type of Bonding requested. This function accepts as input, the Bluetooth Protocol Stack ID of the Local Bluetooth device that is perform the Bonding, the Remote Bluetooth address of the Device to Bond with, the type of bonding to perform, and the GAP Event Callback Information that will be used to handle Authentication Events that will follow if this function is successful. If this function is successful, then all further information will be returned through the Registered GAP Event Callback. It should be noted that if this function returns success that it does NOT mean that the Remote Device has successfully Bonded with the Local Device, ONLY that the Remote Device Bonding Process has been started. This function will only succeed if a Physical Connection to the specified Remote Bluetooth device does NOT already exist. This function will connect to the Bluetooth device and begin the Bonding Process. If General Bonding is specified, then the Link is maintained, and will NOT be terminated until the GAP\_End\_Bonding function has been called. This will allow any higher level initialization that is needed on the same physical link. If Dedicated Bonding is performed, then the Link is terminated automatically when the Authentication Process has completed. Due to the asynchronous nature of this process, the GAP Event Callback that is specified will inform the caller of any Events and/or Data that is part of the Authentication Process. The GAP\_Cancel\_Bonding function can be called at any time to end the Bonding Process and terminate the link (regardless of which Bonding method is being performed). When using General Bonding, if an L2CAP Connection is established over the Bluetooth Link that was initiated with this function, the Bluetooth Protocol Stack MAY or MAY NOT terminate the Physical Link when (and if) an L2CAP Disconnect Request (or Response) is issued. If this occ

## **EndPairing**

### Description

The EndPairing command is responsible for ending a previously initiated bonding session with a remote device. The function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to end pairing and the device must already be connected to a remote device. It is also important to note that the use of the Pair and Inquiry commands before calling EndPairing are necessary to disconnect from a remote device.

# Parameters

The EndPairing command requires one parameter which is the Inquiry Index of the Remote Bluetooth Device. This value can be found after an Inquiry or displayed when the command DisplayInquiryList is used. It should be the same value as the first parameter used in the Pair command, unless a new Inquiry has been called after pairing. If this is the case, find the Bluetooth Address of the device used in the Pair command.

### Command Call Examples

"EndPairing 5" Attempts to end pairing with the remote device at the fifth Inquiry Index.

"EndPairing 8" Attempts to end pairing with the remote device at the eighth Inquiry Index.

# Possible Return Values

(o) Successful End Pairing

 $(-2) {\tt BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID}$ 

(-1)BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

(-58)BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_MODE

(-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR

(-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

# API Call

 $GAP\_End\_Bonding(BluetoothStackID, InquiryResultList[(TempParam->Params[o].intParam-1)]);$ 

### **API Prototype**

 $int \ \ BTPSAPI \ \ GAP\_Initiate\_Bonding\_(unsigned \ \ int \ \ BluetoothStackID, \ \ BD\_ADDR\_t \ \ BD\_ADDR, \ \ GAP\_Bonding\_Type\_t \ \ GAP\_Bonding\_Type, \ \ GAP\_Event\_Callback\_t \ \ GAP\_Event\_Callback, unsigned long CallbackParameter);$ 

### **Description of API**

This function is provided to allow a means to terminate a connection that was established via a call to the GAP\_Initiate\_Bonding function (that specified general bonding as the bonding type to perform). This function has NO effect if the bonding procedure was initiated using dedicated bonding (or the device is already disconnected). This function accepts the Bluetooth device address of the remote Bluetooth device that was specified to be bonded with (general bonding). This function terminates the ACL connection that was established and it guarantees that NO GAP Event Callbacks will be issued to the GAP Event Callback that was specified in the original GAP\_Initiate\_Bonding function call (if this function returns success).

### **PINCodeResponse**

#### Description

The PINCodeResponse command is responsible for issuing a GAP Authentication Response with a PIN Code value specified via the input parameter. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function. The device must also be in the middle of an on-going Pairing operation that was started by the local device or a remote device.

#### **Parameters**

The PINCodeResponse command requires one parameter which is the PIN Code used for authenticating the connection. This is a string value which can be up to 16 digits long. The initiator of the Pairing will see a message displayed during the Pairing Procedure to call this command. A responder will receive a message to call this command after the initiator has put in the PIN Code.

## **Command Call Examples**

- "PINCodeResponse 1234" Attempts to set the PIN Code to "1234."
- "PINCodeResponse 5921302312564542 Attempts to set the PIN Code to "5921302312564542." This value represents the longest PIN Code value of 16 digits.

### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successful PIN Code Response
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- $\hbox{(-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID}$
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

#### API Call

 $GAP\_Authentication\_Response (Bluetooth Stack ID, Current Remote BD\_ADDR, \& GAP\_Authentication\_Information); \\$ 

### **API Prototype**

 $int \ BTPSAPI \ GAP\_Authentication\_Response (unsigned \ int \ Bluetooth StackID, BD\_ADDR\_t \ BD\_ADDR, GAP\_Authentication\_Information\_t \ ^cAP\_Authentication\_Information);$ 

#### Description of API

This function is provided to allow a mechanism for the local device to respond to GAP authentication events. This function is used to specify the authentication information for the specified Bluetooth device. This function accepts as input, the Bluetooth protocol stack ID of the Bluetooth device that has requested the authentication action, and the authentication response information (specified by the caller).

# **PassKeyResponse**

# Description

The PassKeyResponse command is responsible for issuing a GAP Authentication Response with a Pass Key value via the input parameter. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function. The device must also be in the middle of an on-going Pairing operation that was started by the local device or a remote device.

### **Parameters**

The PassKeyResponse command requires one parameter which is the Pass Key used for authenticating the connection. This is a string value which can be up to 6 digits long (with a value between 0 and 999999).

### **Command Call Examples**

- "PassKeyResponse 1234" Attempts to set the Pass Key to "1234."
- "PassKeyResponse 999999" Attempts to set the Pass Key to "999999." This value represents the longest Pass Key value of 6 digits.

### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successful Pass Key Response
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- $\hbox{(-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR}$
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- $\hbox{(-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER}$
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

## API Call

 $GAP\_Authentication\_Response (Bluetooth Stack ID, Current Remote BD\_ADDR, \& GAP\_Authentication\_Information);$ 

### API Prototype

 $int \ BTPSAPI \ GAP\_Authentication\_Response (unsigned \ int \ Bluetooth StackID, BD\_ADDR\_t \ BD\_ADDR, GAP\_Authentication\_Information\_t \ *GAP\_Authentication\_Information);$ 

#### Description of API

This function is provided to allow a mechanism for the local device to respond to GAP authentication events. This function is used to specify the authentication information for the specified Bluetooth device. This function accepts as input, the Bluetooth protocol stack ID of the Bluetooth device that has requested the authentication action, and the authentication response information (specified by the caller).

# UserConfirmationResponse

#### Description

The UserConfirmationResponse command is responsible for issuing a GAP Authentication Response with a User Confirmation value via the input parameter. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function. The device must also be in the middle of an on-going Pairing operation that was started by the local device or a remote device.

#### **Parameters**

The UserConfirmationResponse command requires one parameter which is the User Confirmation value used for authenticating the connection. This is an integer value that must be either 1, to confirm the connection, or 0 to NOT confirm the Authentication and stop the Pairing Procedure.

### **Command Call Examples**

"UserConfirmationResponse o" Attempts to decline the connection made with a remote Bluetooth Device and cancels the Authentication Procedure.

"UserConfirmationResponse 1" Attempts to accept the connection made with a remote Bluetooth Device and confirm the Authentication Procedure.

#### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successful User Confirmation Response
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-6) INVALID PARAMETERS ERROR
- (-8) INVALID STACK ID ERROR
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

#### API Call

 $GAP\_Authentication\_Response (Bluetooth Stack ID, Current Remote BD\_ADDR, \& GAP\_Authentication\_Information);$ 

#### API Prototype

 $int\ BTPSAPI\ GAP\_Authentication\_Response (unsigned\ int\ Bluetooth StackID,\ BD\_ADDR\_t\ BD\_ADDR,\ GAP\_Authentication\_Information\_t\ *GAP\_Authentication\_Information);$ 

#### Description of API

This function is provided to allow a mechanism for the local device to respond to GAP authentication events. This function is used to specify the authentication information for the specified Bluetooth device. This function accepts as input, the Bluetooth protocol stack ID of the Bluetooth device that has requested the authentication action, and the authentication response information (specified by the caller).

# **SetDiscoverabilityMode**

### Description

The SetDiscoverabilityMode command is responsible for setting the Discoverability Mode of the local device. This command returns zero on successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function. If setting the device as Limited Discoverable, the device will be discoverable for 60 seconds; a General Discoverable device will always be discoverable.

# Parameters

This command requires only one parameter which is an integer value that represents a Discoverability Mode. This value must be specified as o (for Non-Discoverable Mode), 1 (for Limited Discoverable Mode), or 2 (for General Discoverable Mode).

### **Command Call Examples**

 $"Set D is coverability Mode\ o"\ Attempts\ to\ change\ the\ D is coverability\ Mode\ of\ the\ Local\ Device\ to\ Non-D is coverable.$ 

"SetDiscoverabilityMode 1" Attempts to change the Discoverability Mode of the Local Device to Limited Discoverable.

"SetDiscoverabilityMode 2" Attempts to change the Discoverability Mode of the Local Device to General Discoverable.

### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successfully Set Discoverability Mode
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID STACK ID ERROR
- $\hbox{(-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID}$
- (-5) BTPS\_ERROR\_GAP\_NOT\_INITIALIZED
- (-58) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_MODE
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR
- (-64) BTPS\_ERROR\_INTERNAL\_ERROR
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

#### **API Call**

 $GAP\_Set\_Discoverability\_Mode (BluetoothStackID, DiscoverabilityMode, (DiscoverabilityMode == dmLimitedDiscoverableMode)? 60:0); and the property of the prop$ 

#### **API Prototype**

 $int\ BTPSAPI\ GAP\_Set\_Discoverability\_Mode, unsigned\ int\ BluetoothStackID,\ GAP\_Discoverability\_Mode\_t\ GAP\_Discoverability\_Mode, unsigned\ int\ Max\_Discoverable\_Time);$ 

#### Description of API

This function is provided to set the discoverability mode of the local Bluetooth device specified by the Bluetooth Protocol Stack that is specified by the Bluetooth protocol stack ID. The second parameter specifies the discoverability mode to place the local Bluetooth device into, and the third parameter species the length of time (in seconds) that the local Bluetooth device is to be placed into the specified discoverable mode (if mode is not specified as non-discoverable). At the end of this time (provided the time is not infinite), the local Bluetooth device will return to non-discoverable mode.

# SetConnectabilityMode

#### Description

The SetConnectabilityMode command is responsible for setting the Connectability Mode of the local device. This command returns zero on successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

#### **Parameters**

This command requires only one parameter which is an integer value that represents a Discoverability Mode. This value must be specified as o (for Non-Connectable) or 1 (for Connectable).

#### **Command Call Examples**

"SetConnectabilityMode o" Attempts to set the Local Device's Connectability Mode to Non-Connectable.

"SetConnectabilityMode 1" Attempts to set the Local Device's Connectability Mode to Connectable.

#### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successfully Set Connectability Mode
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-5) BTPS\_ERROR\_GAP\_NOT\_INITIALIZED
- (-58) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_MODE
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

# API Call

 ${\it GAP\_Set\_Connectability\_Mode}(Blue to oth Stack ID, Connectable Mode);$ 

### API Prototype

 $int\ BTPSAPI\ GAP\_Set\_Connectability\_Mode (unsigned\ int\ Bluetooth StackID,\ GAP\_Connectability\_Mode\_t\ GAP\_Connectability\_Mode);$ 

### Description of API

This function is provided to set the connectability mode of the local Bluetooth device specified by the Bluetooth protocol stack that is specified by the Bluetooth protocol stack ID. The second parameter specifies the connectability mode to place the local Bluetooth device into.

# SetPairabilityMode

### Description

The SetPairabilityMode command is responsible for setting the Pairability Mode of the local device. This command returns zero on successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

### Parameters

This command requires only one parameter which is an integer value that represents a Pairability Mode. This value must be specified as 0 (for Non-Pairable), 1 (for Pairable), or 2 (for Secure Simple Pairing).

# **Command Call Examples**

- "SetPairabilityMode o" Attempts to set the Pairability Mode of the Local Device to Non-Pairable.
- "SetPairabilityMode 1" Attempts to set the Pairability Mode of the Local Device to Pairable.
- "SetPairabilityMode 2" Attempts to set the Pairability Mode of the Local Device to Secure Simple Pairing.

# Possible Return Values

- (o) Successfully Set Pairability Mode
- (-4) FUNCTION ERROR
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID (-5) BTPS\_ERROR\_GAP\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

(-58) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_MODE

#### API Call

GAP\_Set\_Pairability\_Mode(BluetoothStackID, PairabilityMode);

#### API Prototype

int BTPSAPI GAP\_Set\_Pairability\_Mode(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, GAP\_Pairability\_Mode\_t GAP\_Pairability\_Mode);

#### Description of API

This function is provided to set the pairability mode of the local Bluetooth device. The second parameter specifies the pairability mode to place the local Bluetooth device into. If secure simple pairing (SSP) pairing mode is specified, then SSP \*MUST\* be used for all pairing operations. The device can be placed into non pairable mode after this, however, if pairing is reenabled, it \*MUST\* be set to pairable with SSP enabled.

# ChangeSimplePairingParameters

#### Description

The ChangeSimplePairingParameters command is responsible for changing the Secure Simple Pairing Parameters that are exchanged during the Pairing procedure whenSecure Simple Pairing (Security Level 4) is used. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function. The IOCapability and MITMProtection values are stored in static global variables which are used for Secure Simple Pairing.

#### **Parameters**

This command requires two parameters which are the I/O Capability and the MITM Requirement. The first parameter must be specified as o (for Display Only), 1 (for Display Yes/No), 2 (for Keyboard Only), or 3 (for No Input/Output). The second parameter must be specified as o (for No MITM) or 1 (for MITM required).

#### **Command Call Examples**

- "ChangeSimplePairingParameters 3 o" Attempts to set the I/O Capability to No Input/Output and turns off MITM Protection.
- "ChangeSimplePairingParameters 2 1" Attempts to set the I/O Capability to Keyboard Only and activates MITM Protection.
- "ChangeSimplePairingParameters 1 1" Attempts to set the I/O Capability to Display Yes/No and activates MITM Protection.

### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successfully Pairing Parameters Change
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

# GetLocalAddress

### Description

The GetLocalAddress command is responsible for querying the Bluetooth Device Address of the local Bluetooth Device. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

### Parameters

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command. A parameter will have no effect on the outcome of the Query.

### Possible Return Values

- (o) Successfully Query Local Address
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR

### **API Call**

 $GAP\_Query\_Local\_BD\_ADDR(BluetoothStackID, \&BD\_ADDR);$ 

# **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI GAP\_Query\_Local\_BD\_ADDR(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, BD\_ADDR\_t \*BD\_ADDR);

### Description of API

This function is responsible for querying (and reporting) the device address of the local Bluetooth device. The second parameter is a pointer to a buffer that is to receive the device address of the local Bluetooth device. If this function is successful, the buffer that the BD\_ADDR parameter points to will be filled with the device address read from the local Bluetooth device. If this function returns a negative value, then the device address of the local Bluetooth device was NOT able to be queried (error condition).

# SetLocalName

#### Description

The SetLocalName command is responsible for setting the name of the local Bluetooth Device to a specified name. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

#### **Parameters**

One parameter is necessary for this command. The specified device name must be the only parameter (which means there should not be spaces in the name or only the first section of the name will be set).

#### **Command Call Examples**

"SetLocalName New\_Bluetooth\_Device\_Name" Attempts to set the Local Device Name to "New\_Bluetooth\_Device\_Name."

"SetLocalName New Bluetooth Device Name" Attempts to set the Local Device Name to "New Bluetooth Device Name" but only sets the first parameter, which would make the Local Device Name "New."

"SetLocalName STM32" Attempts to set the Local Device Name to "STM32."

#### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successfully Set Local Device Name
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

#### API Call

GAP\_Set\_Local\_Device\_Name(BluetoothStackID, TempParam->Params[o].strParam);

#### API Prototype

int BTPSAPI GAP Set Local Device Name(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, char \*Name);

# Description of API

This function is provided to allow the changing of the device name of the local Bluetooth device. The Name parameter must be a pointer to a NULL terminated ASCII string of at most MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH (not counting the trailing NULL terminator). This function will return zero if the local device name was successfully changed, or a negative return error code if there was an error condition

# **GetLocalName**

# Description

This function is responsible for querying the name of the local Bluetooth Device. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

### Parameters

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command. A parameter will have no effect on the outcome of the Query.

# **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successfully Queried Local Device Name
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- $\hbox{(-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER} \\$
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR
- (-65) BTPS\_ERROR\_INSUFFICIENT\_BUFFER\_SPACE

### **API Call**

 $GAP\_Query\_Local\_Device\_Name(Blue to oth Stack ID, 257, (char~*) Local Name);$ 

### API Prototype

 $int\ BTPSAPI\ GAP\_Query\_Local\_Device\_Name (unsigned\ int\ Bluetooth Stack ID,\ unsigned\ int\ Name Buffer Length,\ char\ *Name Buffer);$ 

# Description of API

This function is responsible for querying (and reporting) the user friendly name of the local Bluetooth device. The final parameters to this function specify the buffer and buffer length of the buffer that is to receive the local device name. The NameBufferLength parameter should be at least (MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH+1) to hold the maximum allowable device name (plus a single character to hold the NULL terminator). If this function is successful, this function returns zero, and the buffer that NameBuffer points to will be filled with a NULL terminated ASCII representation of the local device name. If this function returns a negative value, then the local device name was NOT able to be queried (error condition).

## **SetClassOfDevice**

#### Description

The SetClassOfDevice command is responsible for setting the Class of Device of the local Bluetooth Device to a Class of Device value. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

#### Parameters

The only parameter needed is the new Class of Device value. It is preferred to start the value with "ox" and use a six digit value after that. Without doing this, the Class of Device written will be assumed decimal and will be converted to hexadecimal format and change the values given.

#### **Command Call Examples**

"SetClassOfDevice 0x123456" Attempts to set the Class of Device for the local Bluetooth Device to "0x123456."

"SetClassOfDevice 123456" Attempts to set the Class of Device for the local Bluetooth Device to "oxo1E240" which is equivalent to the decimal value of 123456.

#### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Successfully Set Local Class of Device
- (-57) BTPS ERROR DEVICE HCI ERROR
- (-2) BTPS ERROR INVALID BLUETOOTH STACK ID
- (-8) INVALID STACK ID ERROR
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-5) BTPS\_ERROR\_GAP\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

#### API Call

 $GAP\_Set\_Class\_of\_Device(BluetoothStackID, Class\_of\_Device);$ 

#### API Prototype

int BTPSAPI GAP\_Set\_Class\_Of\_Device(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, Class\_of\_Device\_t Class\_of\_Device);

#### Description of API

This function is provided to allow the changing of the class of device of the local Bluetooth device. The Class\_of\_Device parameter represents the class of device value that is to be written to the local Bluetooth device. This function will return zero if the class of device was successfully changed, or a negative return error code if there was an error condition.

### **GetClassOfDevice**

### Description

The GetClassOfDevice command is responsible for querying the Bluetooth Class of Device of the local Bluetooth Device. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. A Bluetooth Stack ID must exist before attempting to call this function.

# Parameters

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command. A parameter will have no effect on the outcome of the Query.

### Possible Return Values

- (o) Successfully Queried Local Class of Device
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-1) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

### **API Call**

GAP\_Query\_Class\_Of\_Device(BluetoothStackID, &Class\_of\_Device);

### **API Prototype**

 $int\ BTPSAPI\ GAP\_Query\_Class\_Of\_Device (unsigned\ int\ BluetoothStackID,\ Class\_of\_Device\_t\ *Class\_of\_Device);$ 

### Description of API

This function is responsible for querying (and reporting) the class of device of the local Bluetooth device. The second parameter is a pointer to a class of device buffer that is to receive the Bluetooth class of device of the local device. If this function is successful, this function returns zero, and the buffer that Class\_Of\_Device points to will be filled with the Class of Device read from the local Bluetooth device. If there is an error, this function returns a negative value, and the class of device of the local Bluetooth device is NOT copied into the specified input buffer.

# GetRemoteName

### Description

The GetRemoteName command is responsible for querying the Bluetooth Device Name of a Remote Device. This function returns zero on a successful execution and a negative value on all errors. The command requires that a valid Bluetooth Stack ID exists before running and it should be called after using the Inquiry command. The DisplayInquiryList command would be useful in this situation to find which Remote Device goes with which Inquiry Index.

### Parameters

The GetRemoteName command requires one parameter which is the Inquiry Index of the Remote Bluetooth Device. This value can be found after an Inquiry or displayed when the command DisplayInquiryList is used.

#### **Command Call Examples**

"GetRemoteName 5" Attempts to query the Device Name for the Remote Device that is at the fifth Inquiry Index.

"GetRemoteName 8" Attempts to query the Device Name for the Remote Device that is at the eighth Inquiry Index.

#### Possible Return Values

- (o) Successfully Oueried Remote Name
- (-6) INVALID PARAMETERS ERROR
- (-4) FUNCTION ERROR
- (-8) INVALID STACK ID ERROR
- (-2) BTPS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-1) BTPS ERROR INVALID PARAMETER
- (-59) BTPS ERROR ADDING CALLBACK INFORMATION
- (-57) BTPS\_ERROR\_DEVICE\_HCI\_ERROR

#### API Call

 $GAP\_Query\_Remote\_Device\_Name(BluetoothStackID, Inquiry/ResultList[(TempParam->Params[o].intParam-1)], GAP\_Event\_Callback, (unsigned long)o);$ 

#### **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI GAP\_Query\_Remote\_Device\_Name(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, BD\_ADDR\_t BD\_ADDR, GAP\_Event\_Callback\_t GAP\_Event\_Callback, unsigned long CallbackParameter);

#### Description of API

This function is provided to allow a mechanism to query the user-friendly Bluetooth device name of the specified remote Bluetooth device. This function accepts as input the Bluetooth device address of the remote Bluetooth device to query the name of and the GAP event callback information that is to be used when the remote device name process has completed. This function returns zero if successful, or a negative return error code if the remote name request was unable to be submitted. If this function returns success, then the caller will be notified via the specified callback when the remote name information has been determined (or there was an error). This function cannot be used to determine the user-friendly name of the local Bluetooth device. Because this function is asynchronous in nature (specifying a remote device address), this function will notify the caller of the result via the specified callback. The caller is free to cancel the remote name request at any time by issuing the GAP\_Cancel\_Query\_Remote\_Name function and specifying the Bluetooth device address of the Bluetooth device that was specified in the original call to this function. It should be noted that when the callback is cancelled, the operation is attempted to be cancelled and the callback is cancelled (i.e. the GAP module still might perform the remote name request, but no callback is ever issued).

# **HeadSet Profile Commands**

### **OpenServer**

### Description

The following function is responsible for opening a Serial Port Server on the Local Device. This function opens the Serial Port Server on the specified RFCOMM Channel. This function returns the opened port number (1-31) if successful, or a negative return value if an error occurred.

### Parameters

None.

# **Possible Return Values**

(1-32) HSP port opened successfully

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-9) UNABLE\_TO\_REGISTER\_SERVER

(-103) BTPS\_ERROR\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE

(-1000) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

 $(\hbox{-}1002) \ BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID$ 

(-1004) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INSUFFICIENT\_RESOURCES

### API Call

HDSET\_Open\_Audio\_Gateway\_Server\_Port(BluetoothStackID, LOCAL\_SERVER\_CHANNEL\_ID, HDSET\_Event\_Callback, (unsigned long)o)

### **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Open\_Audio\_Gateway\_Server\_Port(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int ServerPort, HDSET\_Event\_Callback\_t EventCallback, unsigned long CallbackParameter)

### Description of API

The following function is responsible for Opening an Audio Gateway Server on the specified Bluetooth SPP Serial Port. This function accepts as input the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack Instance to use for the Audio Gateway Server, the Local Serial Port Server Number to use, and the HDSET Event Callback function (and parameter) to associate with the specified Headset Port. The ServerPort parameter \*MUST\* be between SPP\_PORT\_NUMBER\_MINIMUM and SPP\_PORT\_NUMBER\_MAXIMUM. This function returns a positive, non-zero, value if successful or a negative return error code if an error occurs. A successful return code will be a HDSET Port ID that can be used to reference the Opened HDSET Port in ALL other functions in this module except for the HDSET\_Register\_Headset\_SDP\_Record() function which is specific to a Headset Server NOT an Audio Gateway. Once a Server HDSET Port is opened, it can only be Un-Registered via a call to the HDSET\_Close\_Server\_Port() function (passing the return value from this function). The HDSET\_Close\_Port() function can be used to Disconnect a Client from the Server Port (if one is connected, it will NOT Un-Register the Server Port however).

### CloseServer

#### Description

The following function is responsible for closing a Serial Port Server that was previously opened via a successful call to the OpenServer() function. If the last Server is closed, the function also unregisters the SDP record. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if there was an error.

#### Parameters

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command.

#### **Possible Return Values**

(o) HSP Server closed successfully

(-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-1000)

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

(-1002) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID

#### API Call

HDSET\_Close\_Server\_Port(BluetoothStackID, HDSServerID)

#### **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Close\_Server\_Port(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HDSETPortID)

#### Description of API

The following function is responsible for Un-Registering a HDSET Port Server (which was Registered by a successful call to either the HDSET\_Open\_Headset\_Server\_Port() or the HDSET\_Open\_Audio\_Gateway\_Server\_Port() function). This function accepts as input the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Protocol Stack that the HDSET Port specified by the Second Parameter is valid for. This function returns zero if successful, or a negative return error code if an error occurred (see BTERRORS.H). Note that this function does NOT delete any SDP Service Record Handles.

#### **PressButton**

### Description

The following function is responsible for issuing a Press Button Command for a Headset (either Accept or End a Call). This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if an error occurs.

#### **Parameters**

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command.

#### **Possible Return Values**

(o) command sent successfully

(-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR

 $\hbox{(-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR}$ 

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-103) BTPS\_ERROR\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

 $(\hbox{-}1002) \ BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID$ 

(-1005) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_OPERATION

# API Call

 $HDSET\_Send\_Button\_Press(BluetoothStackID, ((ServerConnected)?HDSServerID:HDSClientID)) \\$ 

### API Prototype

 $int\ BTPSAPI\ HDSET\_Send\_Button\_Press (unsigned\ int\ Bluetooth StackID,\ unsigned\ int\ HDSETPortID)$ 

## Description of API

The following function is responsible for sending a Button Press to a remote Audio Gateway. This function accepts the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack which has received the HDSET Connection Request and the HDSET Port ID of the Headset to send the request on. This function returns a zero if successful, or a negative return error code if there was an error.

NOTE \* This function should be used instead of the:

HDSET\_Accept\_Incoming\_Call()

```
or
HDSET_End_Call()
```

functions. The reason is that the above two functions imply a call state. Since the actual call state is handled via the Audio Gateway, the Headset does not have any mechanism to actually determine the call state. Because of this, this function will simply issue the Button Press and let the Audio Gateway decide how to process the request.

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# ChangeSpeakerGain

### Description

The following function is responsible for sending a Speaker gain (Volume) Change Command to the Remote Connection. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if an error occurs.

### **Parameters**

One Parameter - Number Between 0-15

### **Possible Return Values**

(o) command sent successfully

- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-1000) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED
- (-1002) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-1005) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_OPERATION

#### API Call

HDSET\_Set\_Speaker\_Gain(BluetoothStackID, ((ServerConnected)?HDSServerID:HDSClientID), TempParam->Params[o].intParam)

#### **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Set\_Speaker\_Gain(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HDSETPortID, unsigned int SpeakerGain)

#### Description of API

The following function is provided to allow the local entity a mechanism of notifying the Remote entity (either Headset OR Audio Gateway) that the Speaker Gain has changed. This function accepts as input the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack which the HDSET Port ID (second parameter) is valid for, the HDSET Port ID, and the new Speaker Gain Setting. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if there was an error. The Speaker Gain Parameter \*MUST\* be between the values of HDSET\_SPEAKER\_GAIN\_MINIMUM and HDSET\_SPEAKER\_GAIN\_MAXIMUM.

## ChangeMicrophoneGain

#### Description

The following function is responsible for sending a Change Microphone Gain Command to the Remote Connection. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if an error occurs.

#### Parameters

One Parameter - Number Between 0-15

#### Possible Return Values

- (o) Command sent successfully
- (-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR
- (-1000) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER
- (-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED
- (-1002) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID
- (-1005) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_OPERATION

#### **API Call**

HDSET\_Set\_Microphone\_Gain(BluetoothStackID, ((ServerConnected)?HDSServerID:HDSClientID), TempParam->Params[o].intParam)

# **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Set\_Microphone\_Gain(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HDSETPortID, unsigned int MicrophoneGain)

# Description of API

The following function is provided to allow the local entity a mechanism of notifying the Remote entity (either Headset OR Audio Gateway) that the Microphone Gain has changed. This function accepts as input the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack which the HDSET Port ID (second parameter) is valid for, the HDSET Port ID, and the new Microphone Gain Setting. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if there was an error. The Microphone Gain Parameter \*MUST\* be between the values of HDSET MICROPHONE GAIN MINIMUM and HDSET MICROPHONE GAIN MAXIMUM.

# **OpenClient**

# Description

The following function is responsible for initiating a connection with a Remote Headset or Audio Gateway Server. This function returns zero if successful and a negative value if an error occurred.

### Parameters

Two Parameters, First one is the Inquiry index, the Second is the RFCOMM Server Port.

### **Possible Return Values**

- (o) Command sent successfully
- (-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR
- (-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-103) BTPS\_ERROR\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE (-1000) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

 $(\hbox{-}1002) \ BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID$ 

(-1004) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INSUFFICIENT\_RESOURCES

#### API Call

HDSET\_Open\_Remote\_Headset\_Port(BluetoothStackID, InquiryResultList[(TempParam->Params[o].intParam - 1)], TempParam->Params[1].intParam, FALSE, HDSET\_Event\_Callback, (unsigned long)o)

#### **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Open\_Remote\_Headset\_Port(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, BD\_ADDR\_t BD\_ADDR, unsigned int RemoteServerPort, Boolean\_t SupportInBandRinging, HDSET\_Event\_Callback\_t EventCallback, unsigned long CallbackParameter)

#### Description of API

The following function is responsible for Opening a Remote Headset Port on the specified Remote Device. This function accepts the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack which is to open the HDSET Connection as the first parameter. The second parameter specifies the Board Address (NON NULL) of the Remote Bluetooth Device to connect with. The next parameter specifies whether or not the Local Audio Gateway (the entity that is connecting to the Remote Headset) supports In Band Ringing or not (TRUE if supported). The final two parameters specify the HDSET Event Callback function, and callback parameter, respectively, of the HDSET Event Callback that is to process any further interaction with the specified Remote Port (Opening Status, Close Status, etc). This function returns a non-zero, positive, value if successful, or a negative return error code if this function is unsuccessful. If this function is successful, the return value will represent the HDSET Port ID that can be passed to all other functions that require it. Once a Remote Headset opened, it can only be closed via a call to the HDSET\_Close\_Port() function (passing the return value from this function).

#### CloseClient

#### Description

The following function is responsible for terminating a connection with a Remote Headset or Audio Gateway Server. This function returns zero if successful and a negative value if an error occurred

#### Parameters

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command.

#### Possible Return Values

(o) HSP Server closed successfully

(-6) INVALID PARAMETERS ERROR

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-1000)

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

(-1002) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID

# **API Call**

HDSET\_Close\_Port(BluetoothStackID, HDSClientID

# **API Prototype**

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Close\_Port(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HDSETPortID)

### Description of API

The following function exists to close a HDSET Port that was previously opened by any of the following mechanisms:

- Successful call to HDSET Open Remote Headset Port() function.
- Successful call to HDSET\_Open\_Remote\_Audio\_Gateway\_Port() function.
- Incoming call request (Headset or Audio Gateway) which the Server was opened with either the HDSET\_Open\_Headset\_Server\_Port() or the HDSET\_Open\_Audio\_Gateway\_Server\_Port() functions.

This function accepts as input the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack which the Open HDSET Port resides and the HDSET Port ID (return value from one of the above mentioned Open functions) of the Port to Close. This function returns zero if successful, or a negative return value if there was an error. This function does NOT Un-Register a HDSET Server Port from the system, it ONLY disconnects any connection that is currently active on the Server Port. The HDSET\_Close\_Server\_Port() function can be used to Un-Register the HDSET Server Port

# RingIndication

### Description

The following function is responsible for sending a Ring Indication to the Remote connected Headset. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if an error occurs.

### Parameters

It is not necessary to include parameters when using this command.

### Possible Return Values

(o) command sent successfully

(-4) FUNCTION\_ERROR

(-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-103) BTPS\_ERROR\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

(-1002) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID

(-1005) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_OPERATION

### API Call

HDSET\_Ring\_Indication(BluetoothStackID, ((ServerConnected)?HDSServerID:HDSClientID))

#### API Prototype

int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Ring\_Indication(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HDSETPortID)

#### Description of API

The following function is responsible for Sending a Ring Indication to the remote side. The function accepts the Bluetooth Stack ID of the Bluetooth Stack which has received the HDSET Connection Request and the HDSET Port ID for which the Connection has been established. This function returns a zero if successful, or a negative return error code if there was an error.

## ManageAudio

### Description

The following function is responsible for setting up or releasing an audio connection. This function returns zero on successful execution and a negative value on all errors.

#### **Parameters**

The Manage Audio command requires only one parameter for the ManageAudio mode. This value must be specified as o (for Release) or 1 (for Setup).

#### **Command Call Examples**

"ManageAudio o" Attempts to Release the Audio Connection from Server with port index 1.

"ManageAudio 1" Attempts to Setup the Audio Connection with Server port index 2.

#### Possible Return Values

(o) command sent successfully

(-6) INVALID\_PARAMETERS\_ERROR

(-8) INVALID\_STACK\_ID\_ERROR

(-103) BTPS\_ERROR\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE

(-1000) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER

(-1001) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED

(-1002) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_BLUETOOTH\_STACK\_ID

(-1005) BTHDSET\_ERROR\_INVALID\_OPERATION

#### API Call

 $HDSET\_Setup\_Audio\_Connection(BluetoothStackID, ((ServerConnected)?HDSServerID:HDSClientID), FALSE) or HDSET\_Release\_Audio\_Connection(BluetoothStackID, ((ServerConnected)?HDSServerID:HDSClientID)) \\$ 

### API Prototype

int BTPSAPI HFRE\_Setup\_Audio\_Connection(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HFREPortID) or int BTPSAPI HDSET\_Release\_Audio\_Connection(unsigned int BluetoothStackID, unsigned int HDSETPortID)

### Description of AP

This function is responsible for Setting Up an Audio Connection between the Local Audio Gateway and Remote Headset Device. This function may ONLY be used by an Audio Gateway. This function accepts as its input parameters the Bluetooth Stack ID for which the HDSET Port ID is valid as well as the HDSET Port ID (of the Audio Gateway). The final parameter specifies whether this is In-Band ringing (TRUE) or not (FALSE). If In-Band Ringing is specified then the remote Headset is required to accept the call. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if there was an error.

(or) This function is responsible for Releasing an Audio Connection which was previously established by the local Audio Gateway or by a call to the HDSET\_Setup\_Audio\_Connection() function. This function may ONLY be used by an Audio Gateway. This function accepts as its input parameters the Bluetooth Stack ID for which the HDSET Port ID is valid as well as the HDSET Port ID. This function returns zero if successful or a negative return error code if there was an error.

1. switchcategory:MultiCore= For technical support on MultiCore devices, please post your questions in the C6000 MultiCore Forum For questions related to the BIOS MultiCore SDK (MCSDK), please use the BIOS Forum  Please post only comments related ple to the article CC256x TI Bluetooth Stack HSPDemo App here.  BI	omments related to the	the C2000 please post your questions on The C2000 Forum. Please post only comments about the arcice C256× TI	DaVinci=For technical support on DaVincoplease post your questions on The DaVinci Forum. Please post only comments about the article CC256x TI Bluetooth	questions on The MSP430	OMAP35x=For technical support on OMAP please post your questions on The OMAP	support on OMAP please post your questions on The OMAP Forum. Please post only comments about the	MAVRK=Fortechnical support on MAVRK please post your questions on The MAVRK Toolbox Forum. Please post only comments about the article CC256x TI Bluetooth Stack HSPDemo App here.	For technical siplease post you questions at http://e2e.ti.com/Please post on comments about article CC256x Bluetooth State HSPDemo App
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