

Optimizing AM335x IO Power in DeepSleep0



Contents

- Introduction
- Pad configuration programming spreadsheet
 - Pad Configuration Spreadsheet Instructions
 - DeepSleep0 Pad Configuration Programming
- References

Introduction

In order to achieve the lowest power consumption in DeepSleep0, it is important to optimize IO pad configurations for avoiding any unnecessary current draw by floating pads, signal conflicts or unnecessary pull-up/down resistors. The spreadsheet described in this application note can be used for identifying the optimum pad configurations for selected pin mux options and external signal conditions on the system.

Pad configuration programming spreadsheet

Download AM335x DeepSleep0 pad configuration programming spreadsheet here (http://processors.wiki.ti.com/images/2/24/AM335x_DS0_PadConf_Tool_v2.zip).

Pad Configuration Spreadsheet Instructions

1. Select an active pinmux mode used in your SW from options in column O. The Pad state in DeepSleep0 for the pad will be shown in column Q.
2. Select an external driver/receiver condition in DeepSleep0 on your board from options in column R. The recommended DeepSleep0 pad configuration will be shown in Column S and Column T.
 - Not Driven/No connect/HiZ. Select this option if you don't need to maintain any specific state on a given pin. This would be the case for unused pins or for pins where perhaps the exact state is a "don't care". In this case the spreadsheet will tell you the lowest power configuration.
 - Need external receiver driven high. Select this option for pins that need to be maintained high. For example, if you had an active-high enable signal that went to another device on the board you would want to select this option to keep that device enabled while the AM335x is in DS0.
 - Need external receiver driven low. Select this option if you need to maintain a low state on the line.
 - Driven Low by external driver. This case should be used if for example there is an external device that is holding the signal low (or for example if there is an external pull-down on the pin).
 - Driven High by external driver. This is the case where the pin is externally held high. This would be appropriate for example on I2C buses where there are external pull-up resistors.

DeepSleep0 Pad Configuration Programming

1. If it's recommended to change pinmux or pull setting in Column S & T, program the recommended pad configuration value before going into DeepSleep0.
2. If pad value is changed, it should be changed back on wakeup.

Linux implementation is described in the [IO Pad Configuration](#) section of the Linux Core Power Management User Guide.

References

1. Optimizing IO Power Consumption
2. Optimizing OMAP35x and AM/DM37x OFF mode PAD configuration
3. IO Pad Configuration in the Linux Core Power Management User Guide

{ {		Keystone=	C2000=For	DaVinci=For	MSP430=For	OMAP35x=For	OMAPL1=For	MAVRK=For	For technical
1. switchcategory:MultiCore=		■ For technical	technical	technical	technical	technical	technical	technical	support please post
■ For technical support on		support on	support on	support on	support on	support on	support on	support on	your questions at
MultiCore devices, please		MultiCore	the C2000	DaVincoplease	MSP430	OMAP please	OMAP please	MAVRK	http://e2e.ti.com.
post your questions in the		devices, please	please post	post your	please post	post your	post your	please post	Please post only
C6000 MultiCore Forum		post your	your questions on	questions on	your questions on	questions on	questions on	your questions on	comments about
		questions in the	The C2000	The DaVinci	The MSP430	The OMAP	The OMAP	The MAVRK	the article
				Forum. Please		Forum. Please	Forum.		Optimizing

Retrieved from "https://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php?title=Optimizing_AM335x_IO_Power_in_DeepSleep0&oldid=224762"

Content is available under Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike unless otherwise noted.