

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

( •	) Pre	liminary	<b>Specification</b>
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( ) Final Specification

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BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL	LB070WV8
SUFFIX	SL01

SIGNATURE	DATE

With your signature and comments.

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Ver. 0.1 Mar. 12. 2012 0 / 31



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## **Record of Revisions**

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description	Note
0.0	Feb.08. 2012	-	First Draft (Preliminary)	
0.1	Feb.16. 2012	10	Connection between Host system and LVDS receiver is added	
0.2	Mar.12.2012	4	Changing General description	
		7	Changing backlight electrical characteristics	
		29	Precautions for attaching touch panel process added	
0.3	Mar.29.2012	17	Changing color coordinates	

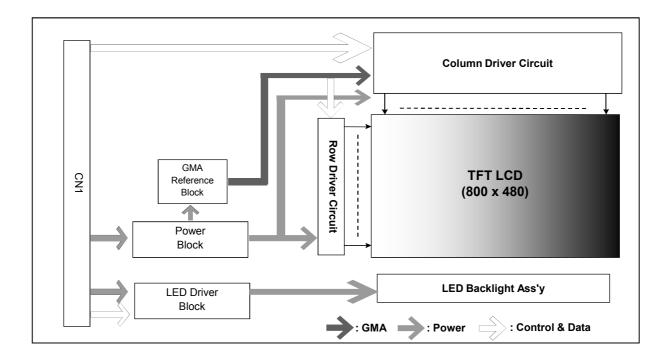


#### 1. Summary

This module utilizes amorphous silicon thin film transistors and a 16:9 aspect ratio. The 7.0" active matrix liquid crystal display allows 16,777,216 colors to be displayed by LVDS interface is available.

#### 2. Features

- Utilizes a panel with a 16:9 aspect ratio.
- The 7.0" screen produces a high resolution image that is composed of 384,000 pixel elements in a stripe arrangement.
- By adopting In Plane Switching (IPS) technology, provide a wide viewing angle.
- By adopting an active matrix drive, a picture with high contrast is realized.
- By using of COG mounting technology, the module became thin, light and compact.
- By adopting a high aperture panel, high transmittance color filter and high transmission polarizing plates, transmittance ratio is realized.
- Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal.
- By adopting LVDS interface, the module has a good performance in terms of EMI.





## 3. General Description

Active Screen Size	7.0 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	170 mm (H) × 106.3 mm (V) X 10 mm (D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.1905 mm x 0.1905 mm
Pixel Format	800 horiz. by 480 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8bit, 16,777,216 colors
Luminance, White	450 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free ( R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 3.4W (Typ.) [Logic= 0.9W, Backlight= 2.5W (BL_DIM=100%)]
Weight	220.0g (MAX)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally Black
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



#### 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

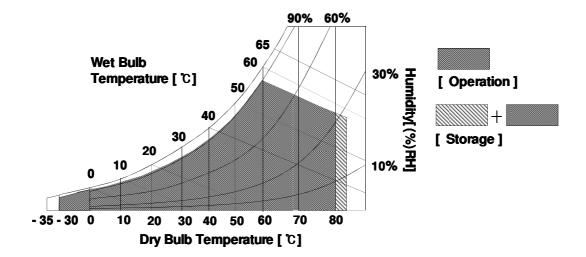
Parameter		Cymbal	Va	lue	l lmi4	Note	
		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note	
Dower Supply Voltage	LCD	Vcc	-0.3	3.6	V		
Power Supply Voltage	Backlight	VBL	-0.3	12.6	V		
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-30	85	℃	1	
Operating Temperature	Тор	-30	80	℃	2,3,		

Note 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be Max. 58 °C. Condensation of dew must be avoided, because it may cause electrical current leakage, and deterioration of performance and quality.

- 2. The operating temperature means that LCD Module guarantees operation of the circuit.

  All the contents of Electro-optical specifications are guaranteed under the room temperature condition.
- 3. This temperature is ambient temperature with regard to the heat which is generated under operation of circuit and backlight on. (reference value)





#### 5. Electrical Specifications

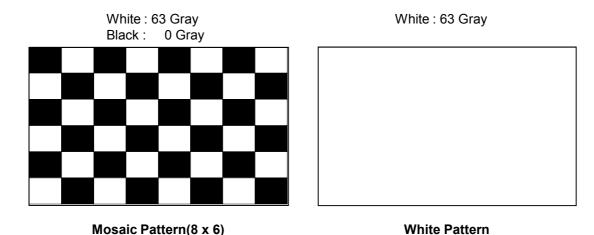
#### 5-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other is used for the LED backlight.

Table 2. LCD DRIVING CIRCUIT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Doromoto	Symbol		Value	11:4:4	Nata			
Paramete		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note		
Power Supply Voltage	VLCD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V			
Davier Complet Comment	Mosaic	ILCD	-	262	341	mA	1	
Power Supply Current	White	ILCD	-	310	403	mA	I	
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	0.9	1.3	Watt			
Rush Current	Irush	-	-	1.5	Α	2		

- Note 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V<sub>LCD</sub>=3.3V, Ta=25 ± 2 ℃, fv=60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) and white pattern are displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
  - 2. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.). (VLCD=3.3V, Ta=25  $\pm$  2 $^{\circ}$ C, fv=60Hz)
  - 3. The recommended operating conditions show the ranges in which the device can operate normally. Operation beyond the limit of the recommended operation conditions is not assured, even though operating conditions are within the limit of the maximum ratings.



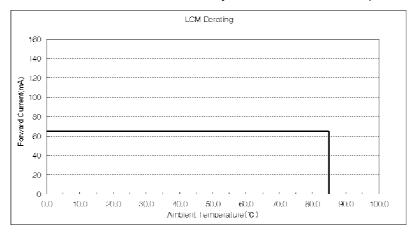
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**Table 3. BACKLGIT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Par	Symbol				Unit	Note		
ı aı	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	5	Note		
Power Supply V	oltage/		V <sub>BL</sub>	11	12	12.5	V	1
Power Supply C	Current		lвL	-	210	280	mA	
Power Consum	ption		I	-	2.5	3.5	W	
	On/Off	On	Von	2	-	12	V	
		Off	Voff	-	0	0.5	V	
Input & Control	Brightness Adjust		Dimming	10		100	%	On Duty
Signal	BL_DIM Frequency		F <sub>PWM</sub>	0.5	1	20	KHz	3
	Pulse Duty Level		V <sub>H</sub>	2.7	-	3.3	V	HIGH : on duty LOW : off duty
(BL_DIM)		/1)	$V_L$	0.0	-	0.3	V	
Life Time	Life Time			30,000			Hrs	4

- Note 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes at 25± 2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 12V(BL\_DIM=100%), it is total power consumption.
  - 2. The permissible forward current of LED vary with environmental temperature.



- 3. DC current dimming is recommended for LED control. If PWM dimming is needed, PWM frequency should be optimized for minimal wavy and audible noise.
- 4. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LED is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical LED current.



#### 5-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs only one interface connections, 30-pin connector(CN1)

#### 5-2-1. User Connector(CN1) Pin Configuration

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-X30SSL (Manufactured by JAE)

Table 4-1. USER CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

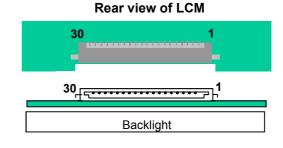
Pin No Name I.			Description	Note
1	VCC	I	Power Supply for module, 3.3V Typ.	2
2	VCC	I	Power Supply for module, 3.3V Typ.	2
3	GND	I	Ground	1
4	GND	I	Ground	
5	SHLI	I	Reverse scan L/R/U/D	5
6	GND	I	Ground	1
7	RAM	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
8	RAP	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
9	GND	I	Ground	1
10	RBM	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
11	RBP	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
12	GND	I	Ground	1
13	RCM	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
14	RCP	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
15	GND	I	Ground	1
16	RCLKM	I	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
17	RCLKP	I	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
18	GND	I	Ground	1
19	RDM	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
20	RDP	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
21	GND	I	Ground	1
22	TP	I	Test Pin. It should be floating	
23	TP	I	Test Pin. It should be floating	
24	PWM	I	PWM input for dimming control	
05	LED EN	1	High(Typ.3.3V): Backlight On,	
25	LED_EN	!	Low(0V): Backlight Off	
26	GND	I	Ground	1
27	NC	-	No Connection	4
28	VLED	I	Power Supply, 12V Typ.	
29	VLED	I	Power Supply, 12V Typ.	3
30	VLED	I	Power Supply, 12V Typ.	

#### 1. Connector

1.1 LCD: FI-X30SSL-HF

1.2 Mating:

FI-X30SSL (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent



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Note 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together.

- 2. All VCC pins should be connected together.
- 3. All VBL pins should be connected together.
- 4. Make sure that NC pins should be floated.
- 5. Display Direction as following pictures

Pin S	tatus	Scanning Direction			
SHLI	L	Left → Right (Up → Down)			
SHLI	Н	Right → Left (Down → Up)			

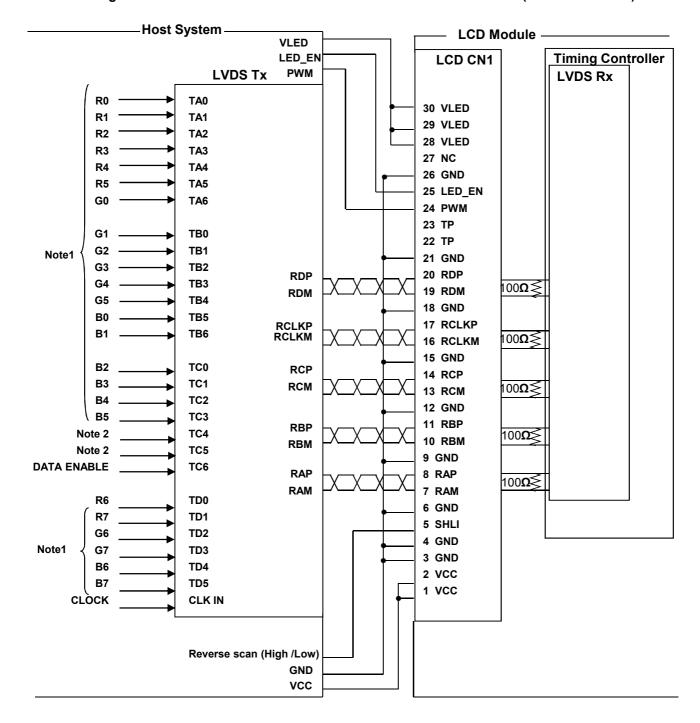
SHLI	Display Image				
L	<b>⊕</b> LG Display				
Н	Velqsid &				



#### 5-2-2. Connection between Host system and LVDS receiver

If input data is 8bit, connect MSB 2bit of R,G,B to TD0~TD5 pin of LVDS Tx. Refer to FIG 1 for more detail.

Fig 1. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER(THC63LVDM83R)





### 5-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 5 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

#### **Table 5. SIGNAL TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

Ta=25 ℃

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>DOTCLK</sub>	31.95	33.26	34.60	MHz	
DCLK	Period	1/ f <sub>DOTCLK</sub>	28.90	30.06	31.30	ns	
	Total Period	t <sub>H</sub>	1024	1056	1088		
Horizontal	Display Area Period	t <sub>HDISP</sub>	800	800	800	clk	
	Blank Period	t <sub>HB</sub>	224	256	288		
	Total Period	t <sub>V</sub>	520	525	530		
Vertical	Display Area Period	t <sub>VDISP</sub>	480	480	480	line	
	Blank Period	t <sub>VB</sub>	40	45	50		

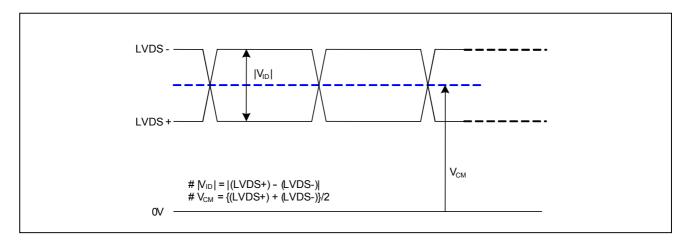
#### Note:

- 1. DE Only mode operation. The input of Hsync & Vsync signal does not have an effect on LCD normal operation.
- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.

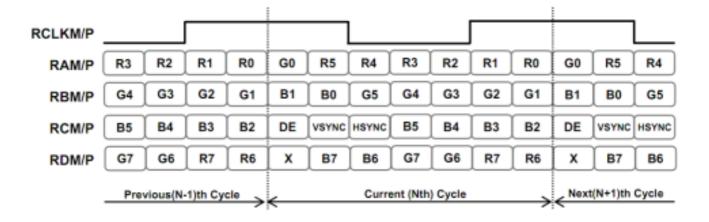


## 5-4. LVDS Signal Specifications

#### 5-4-1. DC Specification



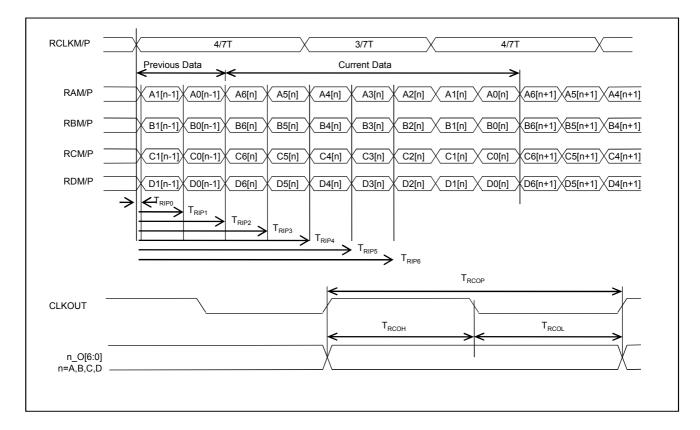
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	-	600	mV	-
LVDS Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CM}$	V <sub>ID</sub>  /2	1.2	VCC- ( V <sub>ID</sub>  )/2	V	1
Positive-going Input Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	-	-	100	mV	-
Negative-going Input Threshold Voltage	$V_{TL}$	-100	-	-	mV	-





#### 5-4-2. AC Specification

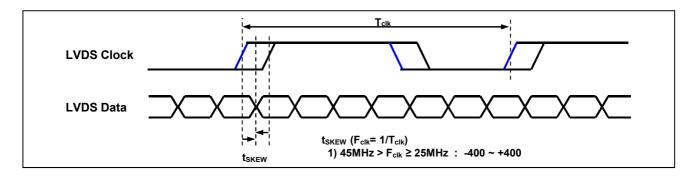
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Unit
Input Data Position for Bit0	T <sub>RIP0</sub>	-	0	-	ns
Input Data Position for Bit1	T <sub>RIP1</sub>	-	T/7	-	ns
Input Data Position for Bit2	T <sub>RIP2</sub>	-	2T/7	-	ns
Input Data Position for Bit3	T <sub>RIP3</sub>	-	3T/7	-	ns
Input Data Position for Bit4	T <sub>RIP4</sub>	-	4T/7	-	ns
Input Data Position for Bit5	T <sub>RIP5</sub>	-	5T/7	-	ns
Input Data Position for Bit6	T <sub>RIP6</sub>	-	6T/7	-	ns
CLKOUT Period	T <sub>RCOP</sub>	-	Т	-	ns
CLKOUT High Time	T <sub>RCOH</sub>	-	T/2	-	ns
CLKOUT Low Time	T <sub>RCOL</sub>	-	T/2	-	ns

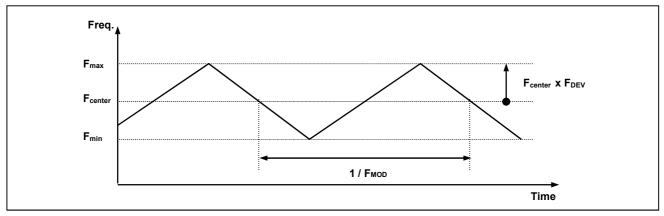




## 5-4-2. AC Specification

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	-400	+400	ps	45MHz > F <sub>clk</sub> ≥ 25MHz
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEW</sub>	ı	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-





< Spread Spectrum >



#### 5-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red, green, blue) is based on the 6bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 6 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											Input Color Data														
	Color				RE	D							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	COIOI	MS	SB					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		. 0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	. 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRE EN																						 			
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE		ļ																				 			• • • •
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	 1	1	1	1	1	 1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



### 5-6. Power Sequence

For LCD's normal operation, it is recommended to keep below power supply sequence.

Power supply for LCD ( VCC)

Interface Signal (Tx)

Power for LED(VLED)

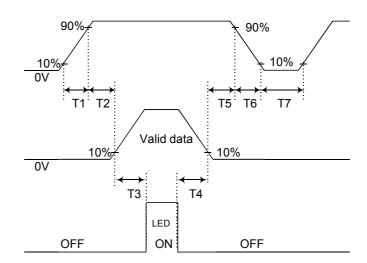


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	50	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	500	-	-	(ms)

#### Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



#### 6. Electro-optical Characteristics

Electro-optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at 25± 2°C. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of and equal to 0°. Measured value at the center point of LCD panel after more than 10 minutes while backlight turning on.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

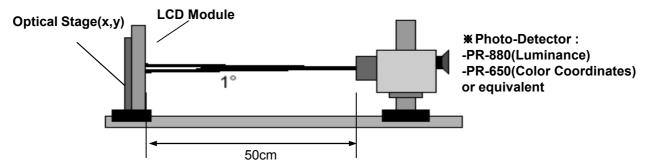


FIG. 3 Electro-optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

**Table 8. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25± 2°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz

Parameter		Symbol			Value	- Unit	Note		
	Paramet	.ei	Syllid	iOi	Min	Тур	Max	- Onit	Note
Contrast I	Contrast Ratio		CR		560	800	-		1
Surface L	uminance,	white	L <sub>WH</sub>	l	360	450	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminand	e Variation	1	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	9P	80	-	-	%	3
Boonone	Response Time		Tr <sub>R</sub>		-	15	18	ms	4
Response	rille	Decay Time	$Tr_D$		-	10	12	ms	4
		RED	Rx			(0.305)			
		KED	Ry			(0.335)			
		GREEN	Gx Gy Bx By Wx			(0.631)	Тур +0.03		
Color Cod	ordinates	GREEN			Typ -0.03	(0.348)			6
[CIE1931]	]	BLUE				(0.328)			0
		BLUE				(0.606)			
		VAZI IITE				(0.146)			
		WHITE	Wy			(0.100)			
Color Gar	mut				-	60	-	%	
	x axis, rig	ht(φ=0°)	θr		89	-	-		
Viewing	x axis, lef	t (φ=180°)	θΙ		89	-	-	domes	_
Angle (CR>10)	y axis, up	(φ=90°)	θи		89	-	-	degree	5
(510)	y axis, do	wn (φ=270°)	θd		89	-	-		
Gray scal	е					2.2			7

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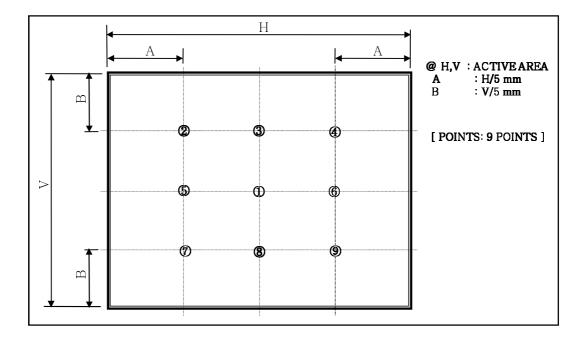
Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and More than 15 Minute after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25± 2 °C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 4.
- 3. The Luminance Uniformity ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring LN at each test position 1 through 9. The Luminance Uniformity ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is defined as follows ;

Panel total variation (
$$\delta_{WHITE}$$
) = 
$$\frac{Minimum(L1, L2, L3, L4...L9)}{Maximum(L1, L2, L3, L4...L9)}$$
 X 100%

For more information see the FIG. 4.





Note 4. Response time is obtained by measuring the transition time of photo detector output, when input signals are applied to make center point "black" and "white". For more information, see the FIG. 5.

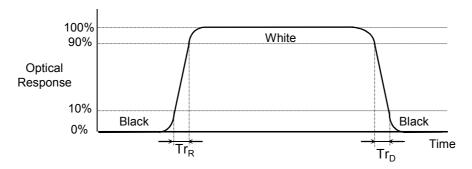


FIG. 5 Response Time

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 6.

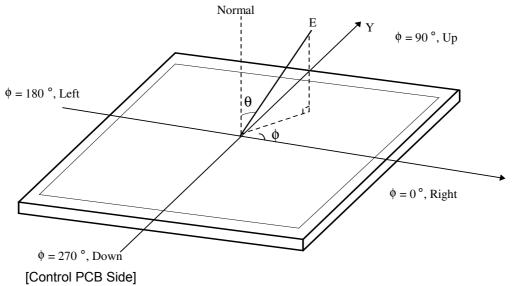


FIG. 6 Viewing Angle

6. Please see the Appendix V for more information about Color Coordinator



Note 7. Gray scale Specification

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0.09
L15	0.28
L31	0.97
L47	2.31
L63	4.41
L79	7.03
L95	9.70
L111	13.50
L127	18.0
L143	22.8
L159	28.3
L175	34.6
L191	41.9
L207	50.4
L223	64.9
L239	85.0
L255	100



#### 7. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for this module. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

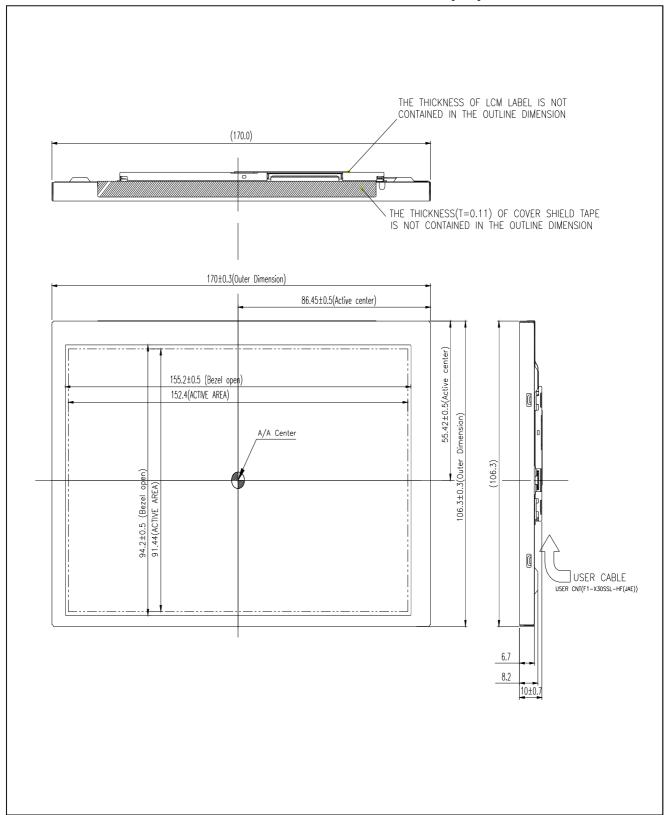
**Table 9. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Parameter	Value				
	Horizontal	170 ± 0.3 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	106.3 ± 0.3 mm			
	Depth	10 ± 0.7 mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	152.4 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	91.44 mm			
Weight	220.0g (Max.)				



#### <FRONT VIEW>

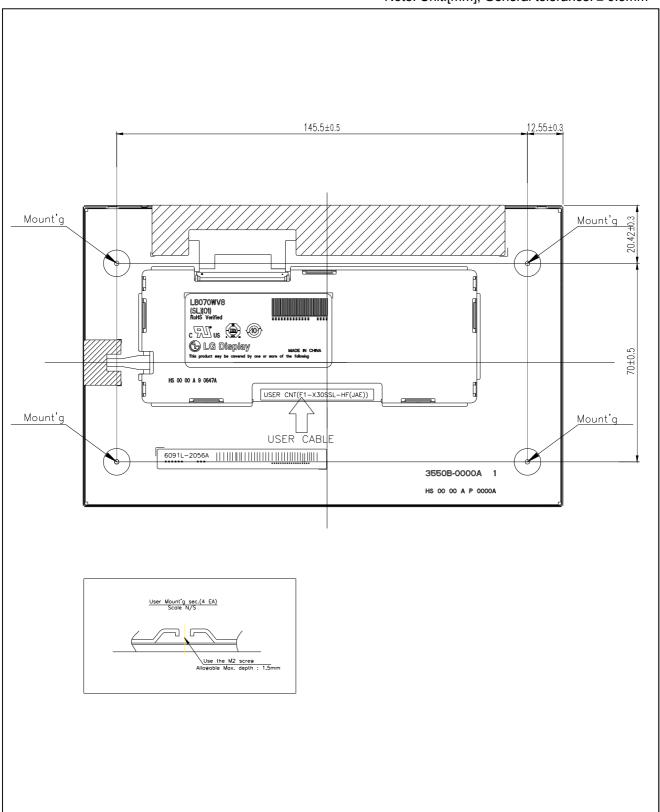
Note. Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.3mm





#### <REAR VIEW>

Note. Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.3mm





## 8. Reliability

#### **Table 10. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION**

No	Test Item	Condition	Note
1	High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=85℃ 240h	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-30℃ 240h	
3	High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=80℃ 240h	1
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-30℃ 240h	
5	High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=60 ℃/90%RH 240h	
6	Shock Test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 100G, 11ms, 1 times shock of each six faces (± X / ± Y / ± Z)	1
7	Vibration Test (non-operating)	Random, 10 ~ 300Hz, 1Grms,3 axis, 30min/axis	1

#### Note 1. Result Evaluation Criteria:

TFT-LCD panels should take place at room temperature for 24 hours after the reliability tests finish. In the standard condition, there should be no particular problems that may affect the display function.



#### 9. International Standards

## 9-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
  Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.

#### 9-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003



#### 10. Packing

### 10-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	К

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

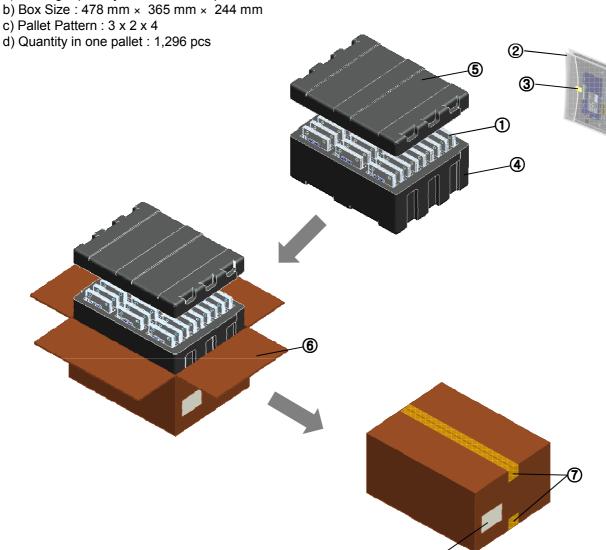
#### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.



### 10-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 54 pcs b) Box Size: 478 mm × 365 mm × 244 mm



NO.	Description	Material						
1	Module	54pcs/1 Box						
2	Bag	PE, 187X144						
3	Tape	Yello, 40*20						
4	Packing, Bottom	EPS						
5	Packing, Top	EPS						
6	Carton Box	PAPER SW						
7	Tape	OPP 70MMx300m						
8	Label	YUPO Paper 100x70						

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#### 11. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 11-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting structure. (Details refer to the drawings)
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
  - And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics deteriorate the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) The metal case of a module should be contacted to electrical ground of your system.

#### 11-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In higher temperature, it becomes lower.)
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.



#### 11-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 11-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 11-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 ℃ and 35 ℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 11-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape or a double side tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

#### 11-7. PRECAUTIONS FOR ATTACHING THE TOUCH PANEL PROCESS

(1) When being touch panel laminate, Stems, Scratch, Stain and etc. can be occurred and then the operation should be with care. After being attached touch panel, It is not warranty for quality problems



#### # APPENDIX- I

■ Color Coordinator

**TBD**